Terms of Subscription.

ne year, in advance, or within three months, \$2 50 When payment is delayed over three months, 3 00 No subscription received for a less term than one year. No subscriber permitted to discontinue his paper after the animencement of a subscription, till the expiration of said year. Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for

arding to the above terms. are Any person sending us five New subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive the

ixth copy gratis, for one year. Money may be remitted per mail, at our risk.
All letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

Professional and Business Cards.

A TTORNEY AT LAW, WILMINGTON, N. C., Practices in the Counties of New Hanover, Sampson, Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus. Bladen, Brunswick and Columbus.

March 10th, 1854

TTORNEY A TEAM, Whiteville, N. C.,
Practices in the Counties of Columbus, New Hanover,
Sampson, Bladen, Brunswick and Robeson.

27-1y

W. M. M. CLURE & BRO., No. 287 Market St., above 7th, Philadelphia. Manufacturers' Depct for Locks of all kinds, Warranted quality; Pat. Silvered Glass Knobs, &c.; Premium Porcelain Knobs, over 100 Patterns; Silver Plated Hinges, &c., with the most complete assortment of all the modern patterns in this line. Builders and Jackson.

Sampson, Bladen, Brunswick and Robeson. March 10th, 1854 GEO. W. ROSE.

CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,
June 17 WILM CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. C. AND APOTHECARIES, Wilmington, N. C.

38-tf May 9th, 1853. C. DUPRE. S. M. WEST,

A UCTIONEER and Commission Merchant,
Wilmington, N Wilmington, N D. C. FREEMAN, HOUSTON, Wilmington, N. C., B. C. FREEMAN & CO., New York, MERCHANTS AND FACTORS.

JAS. C. SMITH & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, have removed their office to the second story of the building formerly occupied by the Telegraph Company, where they are prepared to attend to all business in the Commission line.

All business entrusted to them will be puctually attended 9. [Jan. 20, 1854. INSPECTORS OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVIS-IONS. Office, corner of North Water and Chesnutt Streets, Wilmington, N. C.

Fayetteville Carolinian and Goldsboro' New Era, copy 3 months and send bill to this office. 7 M. WALKER,
TNSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISWilmington, N. C. ions, Wilmington, N. C.
All business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention.

ALFRED ALDERMAN, INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVIS-ions, Wilmington, N. C. All business entrusted to him will receive prompt attention.

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT. W ROLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market-streets, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wil-

COMMISSION MERCHANT, Wilmington, N. C. Office in rear of McMillan, Davis & Co.'s Store. Every attention paid to the sale and purchase of produce, and liberal cash advances made on consignments. REFERS TO:—Capt. Gilbert Potter, E. P. Hall, Pres't Branch B'k. State N. C.;

O. G. Parsley, Pres't Commercial Bank; McMillan, Davis & Co. B. F. GRADY,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton, and other produce.

Office second door below Messrs. Grady & Monk's
Store, North Water Street.

Sum of One Hundred Dollars will be paid for the conviction of any person of harboring the above Negroes.

JOHN COLEY.

Fair Bluff Columbus county, N. C. Oct 6, 128.1t.—5.tf 50-3t-9-tf

C. MYERS. MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes, of every description, whole sale and retail, North side Market-street, Wilmington, N. C. J. M. ROBINSON,

MPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves, Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wil-[30v7-1y] GABRIEL HOLMES. INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVIS-IONS, WILMINGTON, N. C.

All business entrusted to him will be thankfully received and prompty attended to. Office at the Cape Fear Bar, North Water Street Nov. 25th, 1853 INSPECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has received the apointment of Inspector of NAVAL STORES, and solicits business from those JAMES I. BRYAN. W. H. McKOY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FORwarding and commission MERCHANT, omy and convenience are both consulted in the arrangement SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores and other produce.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores and other produce.

Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores and other produce. Liberal advances made on consignment.

Wilmington, N.C., Nov. 2d, '53.

COMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Prompt and personal attention given to the sale or shipment of all kinds of country produce.

I may be found at the store recently occupied by GRADY & MONK. DEALERS IN CORN, MEAL, HOMONY PEAS AND OATS, and Cow and Horse Feed,

[BEATTY'S WHARF, NORTH WATER STREET,] OUR Steam Grist Mill is now in successful operation. We

will have it in our power to deliver the above articles at short notice. We have a 23 horse power engine and shall run two Orders can be addressed to C. DuPre & Co., or to the sub-

Corn Ground on Toll.

T. SMITH & CO. Hardware Merchant, Wilmington, N. C.,

IS JUST receiving his fall supply of warranted Saws, Axes, Nails, Hollow-ware, Pocket, and Table, Cutlery, heavy plated Table Spoons and Forks, Fine Tea Trays and Waiters, Brass and Common Andirons, Shovels and Tongs; a sired.
FULL ASSORTMENT of the best of Builders' Hardware; Mechanic's Tools of every variety, and warranted of superior quality; Ploughs, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, &c. [Dec. 2, 1853. 13]

TO TRAVELLERS AND OTHERS THE undersigned has now completed arrangements, whereby he is enabled to convey PASSENGERS from MARLS-ILLE DEPOT, on the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road, to LONG CREEK, in New Hanover county. Fare

, each way. He is also prepared (with good Stables and an abundance of Provender,) to keep Horses for any length of time.—

Price 60 cents per day. Those who may leave Horses with him, may rest assured they will be well cared for. La short time, he hopes to offer some better ENTER-TAINMENT for his friends and others, who may favor him with their custom, than he has heretofore given them.

A liberal patronage is respectfully solicited, as the great-

est efforts will be used to give satisfaction.

A. D. BORDEAUX. MARLSVILLE DEPOT. 12 miles from Wilmington, August 5, 1853.

VAN RENSSELAER PEIRSON.

WILCOX, PERRY & EACKER; WHOLE SALE DEALERS in Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Tailors' Trimmings, No. 42 Dey street (Marble Front,) and 200 Fulton street, New York.

GEO. T. PERRY, JR, JOHN H. EACKER. V. R. PEIRSON.

WOULD most respectfully solicit a call from his North Carolina friends to the above firm, where one of the most complete stock of goods may be found. I am a practical Tailor, and from long experience, enables me to judge well the wants and qualities of goods suited to the best interest of ty of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to the trade. I firmly pledge myself to all reposing confidence merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work I firmly pledge myself, to all reposing confidence in my judgment, to be fairly dealt with. All orders addressed to me shall have immediate dispatch.

I most cheerfully offer my services to any of my friends who favor me with custom, to attend to any little matter in the Y.

Serves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, elegance and durability.

REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice.

Mill Ink and Gudgeons, made and warranted

EAGLE FOUNDRY.

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

THE Subscriber is now manufacturing Portable and Stationary Steam ENGINES and SAW MILLS of any required power, of the best materials and workmanship, and

Mulberry Street, bween Front and, North Water

Street, when Front and, North Water

Male Suo. Wilmington Journal.

AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$250 IN ADVANCE

VOL. 10. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 9, 1854. NO. 40.

General Notices.

General Notices.

BUILDING HARDWARE AND TOOL STORE

an estimate or particular description, can write to M'Clure & Brother, and all information as to Goods and Prices will

be given by return of mail.

All orders put up under the the immediate supervision of the firm. CALL AND SEE US.

March 3d, 1854

26-6m

FOR SALE.

Favetteville Carolinian copy tf.

20 DOLLARS REWARD.

and delivery to the subscriber's or in any Jail in the State: either of the following named negro fellows, viz: ABRAM, STEPHEN, and ROBERT. The two first are owned by Mr. Fred'k Swann and formerly belonged

to Dan'l Fleming, Esq.
Abram is rather small in statue, thin visage, and walks at

times a little lame, is about 40 years old. Stephen is rather stout, has a great deal of hair about his face, is about 40 years old, and we are inclined to think will attempt to make

his way to Chapel Hill, where he has a wife belonging to Mr.

tion, Brunswick county, where he has a wife, he is owned M1s Langdon.

CUTLAR & PIERCE.

A. HOLMES. Kenansville, Duplin Co., March 3rd, 1854 26.wtf

FOR SALE.

insurance of \$1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Muinsurance of \$1,000 on the total Insurance Company.

For further particulars, enquire of WM. H. LASPEYRE.

"EAGLE HOTEL" FOR SALE!

has been in possession of it for about twenty years, de-

This Hotel is probably as good property of the kind as is

probably examine the property for themselves,

SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS

M. FRAZIER, V. RACKLEY,

to be found in the State. Its income for several years past

has ranged from fifteen to twenty thousand dollars a year; and at present is rather beyond the latter amount As buy-

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers his Lands in Duplin county

New-Berne, two miles from Kenansville, and within one mile

The tract contains two hundred and sixty-five acres, about

one fourth of which is cleared and under a high state of cul-

tivation, with a good dwelling and necessary out-houses. It

s a healthy situation.

Terms easy. For particulars, apply to J. B. Kelley, Esq. t Kenansville, or to the subscriber at Wilmington, N. C.

t Kenansville, or to the subscriber at Wilmington, N. C. March 10—27-tf] DAVID J. SOUTHERLAND.

Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C.

he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its vari-

ous branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having parchased the rightfor the coun-

to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it

fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship

selves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, ele-

sires to retire to a more private life.

April 21, 1854

heretofore received.

for ten years, for \$10. Clinton, May 12, '854-36-tf.

any farther description here is unnecessary.

of one of the best schools in the State.

A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY DWELLING

26-wtf

THE above reward will be given for the apprehension

The Largest Establishment of the kind in the U.S.

W. M. M. M. CLURE & BRO., No. 287 Market St., above 7th, Philadelphia. Manufacturers' Depct for Locks of on prices, less the difference of Freight. TO TURPENTINE MAKERS! JNO. S. JAMES. May 6th, 1854 all the modern patterns in this line. Builders and dealers are invited to call and examine our stock.

Illustrated Catalogues, sent by Mail if desired. Hot air Registers and Ventilators, at Factory prices.

Persons at a distance who wish to order Goods, and desire

Administrator's Notice. A L persons indebted to the Estate of David H. Williams, deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment and settlement; also, all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

A. F. POWELL, Adm'r. L persons indebted to the Estate of David H. Williams,

May 12, 1854-36-8t. MARBLE, STONE AND SLATE YARD THE subscriber offers for sale a TRACT OF LAND containing Two Thousand Acres, more or less, lying in New Hanover county, about ten miles from Wilmington, between the North-cast and Cape Fear Rivers, and adjoining the lands of D. A. Moore and Thomas J. Sikes. Of the above, 75 acres are Rice land—ditched and cleared; there are on the lands 45,000 turpentine boxes, two

IN WILMINGTON.

THE subscriber respectfully notifies the public that he has recently established in this town, a new MARBLE, STONE and SLATE YARD, and is now prepared to fill all orders for Monuments, Tombs, Furniture and Plumbing work. Also, all kinds of Marble for building purposes.

Also, Flagging and Curb Stone. Blue, Green and Variegated Slate for fire-proof roofing furnished at reasonable rates. Orders attended to with dispatch, and on moderate terms. Marble Yard on Water street, near the Railroad.
W. G. MILLIGAN.

years old, and a very large amount of valuable timber.—
The in-provements consist of two negro houses for hands.

Persons desirous of purchasing will learn further particulars by applying to the subscriber, six miles above Long Creek.

E. D. WALKER, Jr. Persons desirous v.

Ars by applying to the subscriber.

November 4th, 1853

PANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 20th June, November 4th, 1853

PANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 20th June, 1852, his negro weman, JENNY. JENNY is a very likely girl; rather light complected; about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; and when spoken to she rather of smiles. It is probable that she may be lurking in Duplin, Sampson or Wayne counties, near the line of the three counties. She was raised on Saracta, and may be gone there.

I will give a reward of Seventy-Five Dollars for the return of Jenny, or for her confinement in any of the Jails of the above named counties.

WM. P. HOBBS.

WM. P. HOBBS.

WM. P. HOBBS.

WM. P. HOBBS.

Alank's P. O., Sampson co., N. C.

Was re receiving goods in our line by almost every description of goods in our line. The following will comprise a part of our stock: Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes of every description, Hardware, bove named counties.

Groceries consisting of a variety of Tens, crushed, granulated, powdered and Coffee Sugars, Rio and Laguira Coffees, best Gosheu Butter. In short any variety of Groceries and Provisions, that are sold in this Market, together with a full assortment of Ploughs, Cornshellers and Strawcutters, &c.

Persons residing in the country will please send their orders and they shall meet withdispatch.

28-3m Wecaleb & Gilbert

Would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they are now doing business in the store lately occupied by C. B. Miller, near the Market Dock, where they have on hand a large assortment of goods of every variety and description, which they offer at the lowest market prices to those who are disposed to favour them with a call. We are receiving goods in our line by almost every Packet, and expect to receive a full supply of every description of goods.

Discountification of the first store, Mr. fet-st.

OILS! OILS!!—Just Received a fresh supply of Linguist Rec PANAWAY from the subscriber in August last, his negro man FLEMMING. Said negro is about 27 years old, is tall and likely; and is probably lurking somewhere between the Cove on the Cape Fear and Mr. H. Beatty's, on Black River, where he is well known. He formerly belonged to Mr. Augustus Miller, and of towards to Dr. Nice Plane and Mr. Augustus Miller, where the control of the co

\$150 REWARD.

QUNAWAY from the subscriber, his Negro men,
JOHN and TOBEY. JOHN is about 26 years
old, 6 feet 1 inch high, weighs about 185 or 190 lbs.
TOBEY aged about 22 years, 5 feet 9 inches high, stout, and
weighs about 175 lbs. They were bought from Mr. James
Surles, of Cumberland county, and will probably be lurking
in that neighborhood. TOBEY has a wife at Mr. Richard
Bird's, in Johnston county. Fifty Dobars for either, or One
Hundred Dollars for both, will be paid for their apprehension
and delivery to the subscriber, or for their confinement in any
Jail in the State, so that he can get them. An additional THE undersigned having qualified as Executors to the last Will and Testament of DANIEL S SANDERS, dec'd,

Jail in the State, so that he can get them. An additional sum of One Hundred Dollars will be paid for the conviction THE undersigned having entered into a co-partnership for the execution of HOUSE, SHIP and SIGN PAINTING, solicit a share of public patronage, and will give prompt attention to any orders with which they may be favored. Fair Bluff, Columbus county, N. C., Oct. 6. [28-1t-5-tf ntion to any orders with which they may be favored.

Shop over Mr. T. Lucas' Tin Shop, on Dock street.

L. +. BUNN,

JOHN I. BLANEY. March 14th, 1854 PORTRAIT PAINTING. MR. MASSALON, Portrait Painter, most respectfully announces to the citizens of Wilmington and surroun-

ding country, that he has taken rooms over the store of Mr. Agostini, on Market street, where Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine his Paintings.

Persons wishing Daguerreotypes copied, can have it done by him as true as if taken from life. December 10, 1853. TO MILL OWNERS.

George Moore. Robert is a short, stout negro, has rather a down cast look, and is lame in his left leg, is about 50 years old; when last seen had on an old white hat (slightly brown THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public that he still continues in the Mill Wright business and all its branches, viz: foundering, framing, and erecting Water or Steam Mills upon various principles, either with simple or complicated machinery. He returns his thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has received heretofore, and hepes by strict attention to business, and by giving general satisfaction to magit a continuance of the same from age,) he may be lurking about Mr. John Hall's planta-NOTICE.-I offer for sale my House and Lot, situated in the town of Kenansville. The Lot contains about an acre and a half, with a comfortable dwelling giving general satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same.

He flatters himself that his work will compete with that of
any other machinist for speed and durability. All persons him a call, as he has several competent workmen in his em-ploy, and is prepared to execute all jobs at the shortest no-tice and on very reasonable terms. Orders promptly attenof being sufficiently private for a family residence. It is considered by persons who have visited it, to be decidedly ded to. For further information address the subscriber at Johnsonville, Cumberland county, N. C. D. B. JOHNSON.

the most desirable lot in the village. Persons desirous of educating their children have every facility, as there is at the present time a very fine School in operation. I am determined to dispose of my lot, and persons desiring a comfortable residence will do well to call and examine the premises. WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD.

THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with no unlimited supply of finished or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and HOUSE, and also two vacant lots adjoining the same, on Harnett street, in the Northern portion of the town of Wilmington. The House is nearly new and in good order, having been recently painted. It is now occupied by every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, execugood tenant, at a rent of \$200 per annum. There is an

ted as well as can be done either North or South.

The best of reference can be given if required.

March 10 1854—27-tf JAMES McLARANAN.

A PROCLAMATION,
By his Excellency DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State

of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, it has been represented to me that one Albert Wright, late of the County of Richmond, stands charged with the murder of one James D. Baker in said County, and that the said Albert Wright has fled from jus-I am authorized by the owner of the Eagle Hotel, at Chapel Hill, to offer it for sale. Miss HILLIARD, who tice and escaped beyond the limits of the State.

Now, therefore, to the end that the said Albert Wright
may be apprehended and brought to trial for said offence, I do hereby issue this, my Proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for his arrest and delivery

to the Sheriff of Richmond County. Possession will be surrendered on the 10th of June, if de-DESCRIPTION. ALBERT WRIGHT is about five feet seven or eight inche For further information, address the subscriber at Chapel high, and weighs about one hundred and thirty-five pounds; looks red and tolerably fair, with a bushy head of hair of dark auburn color; a heavy beard on the lower portion of his face; blunt features, low forenead, down-cast countehis face; blunt features, low forenead, down-cast counternance, hazel eyes; his conversation mild or rather smothered, and is about thirty years of age.

L. S. Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Land and Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, on the 8th day of May, A. D., 1854.

By the Governor:

DAVID S. REID. T sale, six miles east of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad, immediately on the road leading from Fayetteville to

Sam'L. F. Adams, jr., Private Secretary. Raleigh, May 15, 1854 SITUATION WANTED.—A Gentleman who can give the best references as to character and capability, is desirous of obtaining a situation in a Wholesale Grocery, or

as Overseer on a plantation or to superintend hands in any way. Apply to L. M. Williams; or at THIS OFFICE.

May 10, 1854—209-dlw wtf. CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY AT CLINTON N. C. THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Sampson and adjoining Counties, that they are permanently located in Clinton, and have recently fitted · NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER forewarns all persons from hunting THE SUBSCRIBER forewards all persons from numbers with gun or dogs, feeding or penning stock, making surveys, chopping or defacing of trees, or trespassing in any way whatever, upon any of his lands situated in the counties of New Hanover, Duplin, or Onslow. The Law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders.

JOHN JAMES. up their establishment for the purpose of making and repairing all kinds of Kiding Vehicles. All work will be warranted for twelve months. Their charges will be found moderate. They solicit a share of the custom of the public, and hereby tender their acknowledgements for the liberal patronage

New Hanover county, N. C., May 26, 1853 ON HANDS-Cotton and Linen Osnaburgs; Burlaps; Blue Denims; Blue Drilling; Cottenades; Blue Plaid Do-Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C.

BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; line of White Muslins; Ready Made Shirts; Hose and Half and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT

JAMES DAWSON,

Next door to Polly & Heart's. JAMES DAWSON. Next door to Polley & Hart, ESPECTFULLY informs Ladies wishing

R DRESS GOODS OF EMBROIDERIES, OF DRY GOODS of any description, if they will favor him with a call he will show them as rich, fashionable and cheap an assortment as ever was exhibited in this place. He has but one price, and that is marked in plain figures on every article. April 20th, 1854. BELLS, BELLS, BELLS.

THE Subscribers manufacture and keep on hand a large as sortment of Bells suitable for Churches, Academies, Factories, Steamers, Plantationl, etc., mounted with their Improved Hangings, the most efficient in use. Their establishment has been in operation Thirty Years, having turned out nearly 10,000 Bells averaging 600 lbs. each; and its patterns and process of manufacture so perfected, together with recent improvements, that its Bells have an uncounsed reputation

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

JUST RECEIVED.—10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; 10 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common Oil; 5 bbls. Machinery Oil; 400 lbs. Chrome Green, Dry and in Oil; 200 lbs. Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil.

A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

W. H. LIPPITT,

Feb. 23]

Druggist and Chemist. Druggist and Chemist.

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist. 200 OZ. Sulph. Quinine; 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask Cr. Tartar; 1 cask Sup. Carb. Suda; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opium; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Macc; 10 lbs. Sulph. Potass; 100 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Lpecac.

lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Ipecac.
lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipecac.
For sale wholesale and retail, by
Druggist and Chemist.

TUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA:-1 case Sulph. Quinine; 50 ozs. Calomel; 10 ozs. Sulph. and Acetate Morphene;

25 ozs. Cinchonia : 5 ozs. Salarine : 25 ozs. Blue Mass; 10 ozs. Chloroform; 19 bbls. Epsom Salts, and a choice collection of Chemi-cals from the Labratories of Poms & Weightman and Chas Ellis. For sale cheap at C. & D DuPRE'S,
June 10] Drug and Chemical Store, Ma 'iet-st

More than Gold to the Suk.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina. Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbrary:—The sale of your HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TICTURE is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest Remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them.

Please send me as soon as possible a supply of the Tincture.

I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT.

and afterwards to Dr. Buie, Bladen county, from whom the subscriber purchased him.

The above reward of fifty dollars will be paid for his delivery to me, or for his confinement in any jail in the State, so that I can get him again.

I HE subscriber having been appointed, at March term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of New Handwards to Dr. Buie, Bladen county, from whom the subscriber purchased him.

The above reward of fifty dollars will be paid for his delivery to me, or for his confinement in any jail in the State, so that I can get him again.

JOSEPH GREEN.

Robeson's P. O., Brunswick co., Nov. 4th.

9-tf

Please send me as soon as possible a supply of the Tincture of New Handwards to D. W. G. TROTT.

REV. VERNON ESKRIDGE, U. S. N.

Postsmotth, Va., Aug., 1851.

Mr. J. E. Boysh—Sir: While I am in general opposition to promptly and with fidelity.

WM. L. JACOES.

Wilmington, April 21, 1854

33-6m

I am respectfully yours, VERNON ESKRIDGE, Chaplain U.S. Navy. April, 14th 1854—32-2m

Wernon Eskribge, Chaplain U.S. Navy.

Vernon Eskribge, Chaplain U.S. Navy.

Great Cure of Rheumatism by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture!

Chester District, S. C., January 3d, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: For the last five the same, duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recevery.

JAMES M STEVENSON, JOHN N SANDERS,

April, 14th 1854—32-2m

Executors.

confined to my bed for the last six months. The first bottle acted like a charm; the second restored strength to my poor afflicted back, and am now as well and feel as young as when I was sixteen. I am now seventy-four years of age.

I consider your Tincture the greatest discovery of the age; and poor suffering humanity ought to erect a monument, to Dr. Hampton, who has saved thousands from pain. And you, gentlemen, have acted the part of public benefactors in dissemina-

ting the benefits which have resulted from your invaluable rem-I am a plain cotton planter, and have never written for literary fame; but when my fellow beings are afflicted, shall I hesitate, or through modesty, withhold any information valuable to my fellow man? So, if you consider this worthy of a place in

any of your newspapers, you are at liberty to make use of it.

Yours, truly,

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, by it mild action on the Stomach, Liver, and the Kidneys, will cure Dyspepsia, Cough, Asthma, Bronchial and Lung Affection; Pains in the Back, Side, and Breast; Consumption, Scrofula, Rhematism, Gout, Neuralgia, Fistula, Piles, Bowel Complaints, Worms, Nervous Debility—with all the diseases arising from impure blood, and is the greatest Female Medicine ever known.

Call and get a pamphlet with certificates of cures, gratis.

Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Baltimore street, Baltimore; and 304 Broadway, New York. Call and get a Pamphlet gratis; sold by C. & D. DuPRE, Wilmington, N. C., and by Druggists generally.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

PERSONS wishing to go to the Virginia Springs will find the following Route, the cheapest best and most expe-Leave Augusta or Charleston for Wilmington every morn-Leave Augusta or Charleston for Wilmington every morning, then the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road to Weldon, then Petersburg and Roanoke R. R. to Petersburg, and Richmond R. R. to Richmond, Va.

Passengers who arrive in Richmond in the morning Train from the South, will take the Richmond and Fredericksburg R. R. to the Junction of the Virginia Central R. R., then the Central R. R. to Staunton, Va., the same evening.

From Staunton to the White Sulphurs is only 90 miles
Staging, and will be re uced to 55 by the 4th of July—good

Roads and good Stages—old and experienced drivers.

Passengers arriving in Richmond, Va., by the evening
Line, will stop all night and take the Train in the morning for Staunton.

To add to this line, Passengers will pass through Charlottsville. See the University of Virginia and the Residence of Thomas Jefferson, (Monticello) through Staunton, seeing all the public Institutions in Staunton. The Deaf and Dumb,

all the public Institutions in Statution.

Lunatic and Blind Asylums are worth seeing.

B. F. DARRACOTT, Through Agent.

36-Im May 12th, 1854

THOS. R. CARR. M. D. D. D. S. PRACTICAL DENTIST for the last ears, charges for 10 or less artificial teeth on fine gold plate.

An entire set of teeth on fine gold plate,
Ditto on gold, with artificial gums,
Ditto on Platina plate, with artificial gums, Upper or under ditto, each, A Pivot tooth that cannot be distinguished from the

natural,
A fine gold filling, warranted permanent,
Do. and destroying the nerve,

operation warranted to give entire satisfaction. Teeth inserted immediately after the extraction of the fangs, and remoddeled after the gums have shrunken, without additional Office on Market-st., 2 doors below the Church Wilmington, N. C., April 24th, 1854

TOBACCO, SEGARS & SNUFF

At Wholesale and Retail, OPPOSITE THE MARKET, (South Side,) where you can find a large and complete assortment of the above,

at prices to suit buyers. Among which are La Norma, La India Cuba, Yara, Rio Hondo, Havana, Sagua, Principies, Also, Lowery's Extra. Stag, Mayo Cabell, Cousin Sally, Billy Bowlegs, Scuthern Belle, Constellation, Excelsior Gold Leaf, Yellow Bank, Lorillard's, and other Brands and manufacturers of extra Chewing Tobacco.

and manufacturers of extra Chewing Tobacco.

Roome's Honey Dew, Garrett's, Lorillard's, Maccaboy, Scotch and Rappee Snuffs.

Cigar Cases, Segar Tubes, Pipes, Virginia, Maryland and New York Smoking Tobacco, &c, &c

Proprietors of Hotels, Groceries, and all others who lova a "Good article of the Weed" are invited to call and examine, prices and qualities.

J. VAN SICKLE. Wilmington, May 11, '54

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE. PURSUANT to a decree of the Court of Equity, made at the last term, I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the 20th day of June next, two valuaat 11 o'clock, A. M., on the 20th day of June heat, two valuable Tracts of Land, situated in this county, viz: A Tract lying on the west side of Moore's Creek and north side of White Oak, adjoining the lands of Alexander Herring and Stephen Costin and others, and containing about four hundred and fifty acres; and a Tract lying on both sides of Moore's Creek, adjoining the lands of P McDuffie & Joseph Aiken, containing about seventy five acres. A more particular description about seventy five acres. containing about seventy-five acres. A more particular de-cription of the above lands will be given at the sale, which

will take place on the premises. A credit of six months will be given and bonds with ap proved sureties, bearing interest from date, will be required of the purchasers.

MICHAEL REGISTER, Wilmington, June 1, '54. 39-3t ... Commissioner.

THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE HAS BEEN OR-DERED by the Post Master General, and goes into op-eration on this road to-day: Leave Raleigh at S A. M., and reach Weldon at 1 P. M.,

The Good old Woman, TRANSLATED FROM THE FRENCH OF BERANGER.

You will grow old, my love, my lady dear; You will be old when I shall be at rest; The longest days even now to me appear
Fleeter than those with health and gladness blest;
Live long, long years, but let thy old age be
True to my love, just to my memory;
And, dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend again repeat! When other eyes search, in thy withered cheek,
For charms of beauty that I oft have sung,
Youth, loving the dear theme, of thee may seek
Who was the lover thou didst mourn so long;
Tell, if thou canst, my love, my faults beside,
My hopes, doubts, ardors, tremblings—nothing hide;
And, dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend once more repeat!

Should any ask, "Was he a lover kind?"
You, without shame, may say, "I loved him ever!"
"Him fickle, faithless, didst thou ever find?"
With indignation answer, "Never, never!"
And mention that his heart, still fond and true,
Responded to the chords awoke by you,
Then, dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat,
The songs of thy dead friend once more repeat!"

I taught you, say, to mourn o'er our sweet France-Inform her sons that my forgotten lays
Were of her glory, fame, deliverance.
Balms for her wounds, the hopes of brighter days; Let them remember 'twas the northern blast A blight on twenty golden harvests cast; And, dearest, from the fireside's penceful seat, The songs of thy dead friend again repeat! Loved of my soul, oh ! may my idle fame

Beam o'er thy age to cheer the gloomy hours, And when thy hand shall hold my portrait's frame, Trembling, as Spring returns to scatter flowers, Toward the unknown world raise thou thine eyes, Think we shall meet again beyond the skies. And, dearest, from the fireside's peaceful seat, The songs of thy dead friend again repeat!

Condition of Mexico. The resent unsuccessful foray of Santa Anna in southern Mexico, demonstrates the incapability of that really astonishing individual to cope with the turbulent elements now in commotion against him; and indicates furthermore a condition of affairs fatal to the integrity of the Mexican republic as now constituted, should any extraneous force be brought to act in combination with that now arrayed in opposition to his government. The attempt made by him to suppress the revolutionary movements in the South has proved, we are satisfied, from an attentive perusal of his own statements, entirely unsuccessful, and has not only greatly damaged the prestige, which in spite of so many past mishaps and not a few serious offences still attached to the fortunes of this wonderful soldier, but must also lead others to imitate the successful rebellion of Alvarez and his followers. The pecuniary strength which the acceptance of the Gadsjuncture, cannot be over-estimated in a country where the integrity of public men is too often a marketable of act of 1795, when it will be too late to act. commodity, and military service and fidelity are at the command of the best paymasters for the time being. That he will accept the treaty as it stands we To B. F. HALLETT, U. S. Attorney, Boston, Mass.: have not a particule of doubt; indeed his necessities leave him but little option, and we only the more regret from this circumstance the action of the Senate in striking out from it those portions which provided for the settlement and final extinguishment of the claims of the citizens of both Republics against the respective governments. So long as these claims are permitted to continue open, it is not in the nature of things that harmony or good feeling can exist, or that the extended and defenceless territory of Mexico, will

remain free from invasion and occupation. The failure of Walker and his followers at Sonora to make good their position, and the vigilant and honorable activity displayed by our authorities at San Francison in the suppression of military preparations for the invasion of the territory of our weak and distracted neighbor, ought not to be regarded as decisive and final discouragements of such unauthorized and improper undertakings, but on the contrary ought to admonish Mexico herself of the peril of retaining nominal sovereignty over immense possessions, to 44- which in the hour of danger, she can neither extend assistance or protection. Santa Anna, who is an enlightened man and a sub-

tle statesman must see the advantages, and admit the necessity of lopping off from Mexico much of the territory now lying within her recognized limits on the Pacific, so as to enable his country, while consolidating its resources, to turn to permanent profitable account the liberal indemnification the Government of the United States will willingly make for extension of her teritorial limits on the Pacific. Should, on the contrary, Mexico persists, in retaining her nominal hold upon territory absolutely beyond her power or control, and the claims of her own citizens as well as those of citizens of these States, remain unsettled, it must be apparent to every one, that she but invites invasion, if not sufficient to overthrow her supremacy or defeat her armies, at least, sufficiently formidable to distract her attention, disturb her tranquility and exhaust her resources.

Mexico much curtailed in extent, would be in every sense of the term a more imposing nation, because in parting with that which is now a burden and an incumbrance, for a liberal equivalent, such ameliorations might be made, in her political system, as are imperiously demanded, to prevent her falling to pieces, or into irretrievable anarchy, and the construction of such works of internal improvement as are demanded for the development of her inexhaustible resources and the union and strength of her people promoted. The construction of a railroad from Vera 150 00 Cruz to the Pacific would add more to the real 75 00 strength of Mexico than can the retention of mil-5 00 lions of acres of useless territory which her people 200 can neither cultivate or protect; yet neither a work \$3 to 5 00 of that description nor any other requiring capital \$3 to 5 00 of that description had any other thanking the United States officers at Boston for their thanking the United States officers at Boston for their Extracting a tooth, 50 cts. to 1 00 can be undertaken in Mexico at this time because of Best dentifrices and tooth brushes always on hand. Every the deplorable condition of her finances, and the utter prostration of her credit.

If Santa Anna is not competent to achieve the regeneration of his country, no living Mexican can accomplish it, and even he will apply himself to the task in vain unless he has domestic quiet and ample means, and neither of these will exist unless all causes of discontent and dissatisfaction between the citizens of the two republics are removed, and mutually satisfactory arrangements as to additional cessions of territory on the Pacific to this country can be entered into and completed. The United States have a deep interest in the well

being and prosperity of Mexico. It is for Santa Anna, her most enlightened son, to say to what extent his country is destined to profit by it. N. O. Delta.

DINNER TO JOHN MITCHELL IN RICHMOND .- On of Boston is the cause of all." Saturday the 27th instant, a dinner was given in the institutions of the south are borne in mind, it is not quently brought over \$100 per acre at this last sale. to be wondered at that he should be an invited, a welcome, and an bonored guest in the heart of the south. The dinner was given at the Exchange hotel, and is represented as a superb affair. Many of the dstinguished citizens were present and contributed by their toasts and speeches to the General entertainment. The speech of Mr. Mitchell was unique, eloquent,

We fully concur with the Boston Post in the fol- the country in a rage." lowing tribute to a faithful and able public officer: "The propriety, courage and wisdom which have distinguished the conduct of Marshall Freeman in Authority of the best materials and workmanship, and this country, which may be found. Reckaways and Coaches, with and process of manufacture is in performance, and manufacture is in the factor of the latest styles of CARRIGES of his and process of manufacture is improved. The second and regard being had been and process of manufacture in the process of manufactur

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square, I insertion, 50

Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside charged 37½ cents per square for each insertion after the first Any advertisement upon which the number of insertions is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged

25 cents per square for each insertion.

A liberal discount will be made on advertisements exceeding one square, when published 6 or 12 months, CASH IN AD.

VANCE.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

From the Washington Union. Armed Resistance to Law at an end in Boston.—The Fugitive Remanded to his Owner.

We announce the termination of the excitement in Boston with sincere pleasure. The decided and opportune action of the Executive has had its effect. The mob, misguided and inflamed by a set of reckless and abandoned men, who do not hesitate to resort to perjury and to violence to carry out what they profanely call God's will, startled and censciencesmitten by the first bloody fruits of the abolition policy, were soon convinced that, in the person of Franklin Pierce, the country had an Executive who would not shrink in fulfilling all his obligations to the constitution, no matter where the emergency existed, whether on the northern shores of the Atlantic or on the borders of the Mississippi in the far Southwest. To show to the country the course pursued by Pre-

sident Pierce in regard to the exciting event at Boston, the following correspondence and statement are

laid before our readers : Correspondence. Boston, May 27, 1854.

To the PRESIDENT of the United States : In consequence of an attack upon the court-house last night, for the purpose of rescuing a fugitive slave under arrest, and in which one of my own guards was killed, I have availed myself of the resources of the United States, placed under my control by letter from the War and Navy Departments in 1851, and now have two companies of troops, from Fort Independence, stationed in the court-house. Everything is now quiet. The attack was repulsed by my own guard.

WATSON FREEMAN,

U. S. Marshal, Boston, Mass.

Washington, May 27, 1854. To WATSON FREEMAN,

U. S. Marshal, Boston, Mass.; Your conduct approved. The law must be exe-FRANKLIN PIERCE. cuted. On Tuesday last the following dispatch was sent

to Boston by direction of the President: WASHINGTON, May 30, 185 1. To Hon. B. F. HALLETT, Boston, Mas. : What is the state of the case of Burns?

BOSTON, May 30, 1854.

SIDNEY WEBSTER.

TO SIDNEY WEBSTER: The case is progressing, and not likely to close till Thursday. Then armed resistance is indicated. But

two city companies on duty. The marshal has all the armed posse he can muster. More will be needed to execute the extradition if ordered. Can the necessary expenses of the city military be paid if called den treaty will impart to his cause at this peculiar alone will prevent a case arising under second section alone will prevent a case arising under second section B. F. HALLETT

> WASHINGTON, May 31, 1854. Incur any expense deemed necessary by the mar-

> On the same day, the President ordered Col. Cooper Adjutant General of the army, to repair to Boston, empowered to order to the assistance of the United States marshal, as part of the pesse comitatus, in case the marshal deemed it necessary, the two companies of United States troops stationed at New York, and which had been under arms for the forty-eight preceding hours ready to proceed at any moment. BOSTON, May 31, 1854.

> Despatch received. The mayor will preserve the peace with all the military and police of the city .-The force will be sufficient. Decision will be made day after to-morrow of the case. Court adjourned.

B. F. HALLETT Yesterday morning the following despatch was received:

Boston, June 2, 1854. TO SIDNEY WEBSTER: The commissioner has granted the certificate. Fugitive will be removed to-day. Ample military and police to effect it peacefully. All quiet. Law reigns.

Col. Cooper's arrival opportune.

In a republic like ours, where opinion is free, and where men are apt to carry the wildest theories to extremes, obedience to law, as well that which concerns ourselves as that which relates to others, cannot be too sedulously cultivated and maintained .-Every great interest is dependent upon the most earnest observance of this obligation. Religion, commerce, private rights, and public tranquility, not to speak of vast political considerations, are protected and secured by the fidelity of the Executive to his high responsibility, or impaired and destroyed by his disregard of duty. We have had-as we said on Thursaay last, in calling attention to his proclamation-two evidences of the spirit which animates Franklin Pierce in the midst of such trials; and as both have been manifested, almost at one and the same time, the stern impartiality and even-handed justice of his course may be the better appreciated. Let us hope that it may be long before another such crisis may come; and, if come it must, let us feel that we have a man equal to it in the presidential chair. Better, indeed, that the laws should be preserved inviolate. They exist, not only because they are based upon a stern rule of right, but because they inspire the confidence and the veneration of the When they cease to do either, or both, they will be the creations, not of the friends, but of the foes, of the federal constitution.

firm, moderate, and intrepid conduct. We expected as much from a democrat so well tried in contests for States-rights as that eloquent and profound jurist Benjamin F. Hallet; and we only 're-echo a general public sentiment when we repeat, what we have already endorsed, our high admiration of the fidelity and courage of Marshal Freeman, who, like Mr. Hallet, was appointed to office by President Pierce.

It is just to add to all this, that there were many. patriotic men in Boston who held aloof from and publicly denounced the ominous turbulence that for several days ruled the city; and we have repeated evidences of the readiness with which numbers would have rallied at the call of the constituted authorities This is as it should be; for never let the day come when we may not say, contemplating a city in arms against the institutions of the public, that "the cause

SALE OF A COAL MINE .- A correspondent of the city of Richmond, to the celebrated Irish exile, patriot, Raleigh Register says that Farmersville Coal Field, schollar and editor, John Mitchell. By his bold and on Deep River, was sold on Saturday last 27th ult., manly stand against abolitionism he has endeared for \$19,000 cash. It was purchased by a northern himself to the southern people. When the able and company, which intends prosecuting the work viginteresting articles which he has written for "The Ci- orously. This property was sold four years ago for tizen" against the abolitionists and in defence of the \$8,000. There are 900 acres of land, and it conse-

SILVER IN ALABAMA .- Great excitement is said by the Dadewell Banner to exist in Tallapoosa (Ala.) in consequence of silver mines existing in the southwest portion of the country. Silver has been known for years to exist there, but the people have just found out how to separate it from the ore. The other day, says the Banner, a company extracted sixteen pounds f the pure metal in a very brief time. "This has set

The Chinese are said to have labored for centuries under great embarrassment, from not knowing how the discharge of his duties, will excite the appro- to make a barrel. They could do every part with-

The canvass in this State progresses with considerable animation, at least so far as the court-house orrespondents of certain Whig papers are concerned, who are busy in making up, by grandiloquent or proceeds from the general government, the burden candidate, when placed face to face with his compet. itor. This, it will be remembered was also the case what he had done for the cause, saying but little is not a co-ordinate B ranch, as he is in some cases. during the contest, two years ago, between Messrs. about the enormous amount necessary to effect these

chroniclers, the triumph of Mr. Kerr was complete, result of the election in August showed conclusively internal improvements. how much credit was to be attached to the accounts that which he received at the preceding election .-Calm and dispassionate gentlemen of both parties, who have heard the candidates during the present campaign, tell us of the total incompetency of Gen. rid of Mr. Bragg. Gen. Dockery puts up the plea that he must "attend to his interests," which, it seems he believes can be best subserved by avoiding the discussion to which Mr. Bragg invites him.

ov Mr. Bragg, as evidenced by their subsequent efforts bolster him up. The candidates spoke at Carthage the Fayetteville Argus, not satisfied with the "imtrieve some of the General's losses. He was replied to by Col. Person. In the course of the discuson Mr Cameron admitted certain important facts, That the Whig State Convention asserted that power by their resolutions. That these meant. passed that Convention, of which Mr ime only can show. Certain it is that those gentlemen who, like Mr. Cameron, do not believe in the estricting power of the Legislature, are advocating convention which would subject the whole fabric ect to the people of the East. Which section is to such connection is desirable." Ir. Bragg will obtain a majority fully equal to that Our information from reliable private urces lead us to this conclusion.

The candidates for Gove nor addressed the people ment at that time in Fayetteville. rs last at hand give accounts of the discussion .eidedly turned upon General Dockery. was irresistible, and the audience did

are concerned, the advantage is clearly and unmisakeably with the Democratic candidate. The course of being satisfied. the two parties on the Nebraska Bill, and other indred questions, is too plain and apparent to reest and most independent Whig presses of the ith are forced to the deliberate conclusion that the Whig party, as a national party, no longer exists: while at the same time the firmness and patriotism as extorted rejuctant praise from the lips of enemies. on the question of a Convention for the amendent of the Constitution, as proposed by the Whig envention, with a restriction, which members of s friends are trying to drag that question-internal haps, we may get the things. ovement-into the arena of party politics, and to ake some little political capital by misrepreting Mr. Bragg's as hostile there to. We make the

stood on this question on the Resolution of rders. It was, therefore, useless to argue to the cople the advantages of improvements; the danger indeed any danger existed, that the system and the authorities. night be run into extravagance, and the State inolved in a debt larger than the people could pay,

eplied to Gen. D., and he now ward to the Tennessee line, on the two thirds, the me principle of the charter of the present Road : r he held that where the people would invest their emanded by the voice of the people and the interests of the State. The sum required for them would not, by any means, as his opponent had admitted in THE GADSDEN TREATY .- The Washington Union Alamance, have to be raised at once; but could be of the 4th says that intelligence has reached Washraised from time to time, as needed. The Central Road was not yet completed, nor all the money called for, though it had been chartered some six years; that Santa Anna will accept the Gadsden Treaty as didate tor Mayor in Washington City. and he felt it his duty in maintaining the position he modified by the United States Senate. did in relation to improvements, to tell the people We are now making out our bills due in Coroner J. C. Wood, over the body of a negro man

that extent diminish the taxes on the people. He charged that his opponent had sought to make party capital out of this question, and he feared he was more intent on getting votes than on improving the State. In certainp ortions of the East, and in Montgomery and Randelph, where it was supposed internal improvements were not so popular as in other sections, hiso pponent and dwelt upon the large amount it would require-had talked of taxes and the taxgatherer, and had told the people that if they were accounts in writing, for the real weakness of their would fall with all its weight on them; but where the system was supposed to be popular, he had changed his tone, and had declaimed loudly as to are vested in the Legislature, of which the Governor Reid and Kerr, when, according to these veracious works. The object was to alarm the people in these

of these epistolary campaigners. The people set brought to see and feel how extremely petty and un- or "splits" in decided Demogratic counties opened the seal of their reprobation upon the misrepresenta- called-for was its reference to the report made by cer- the way for the election of a sufficient number of tions of the Whig press and its lesser sattelites; and tain citizens of Wilmington, to the Convention as-Gov. Reid was elected by a majority far exceeding sembled here, on the 25th ult., and therefore deems a few factionists were able to clog the wheels of Legissome apology or explanation necessary, and in at- lation, prevent the election of United States Senator. tempting to give such, it lugs in the elegant phrase and defeat all the objects which the Democratic party locofoco, with all that refinement of taste and feeling, had in view, and which it justly looked forward to Dockery to sustain himself in a discussion with Mr. which the uniform course of the Observer, under sim- with full confidence of success. We do not wish to Bragg; and the course of that gentleman himself, in ilar circumstances, had so well taught us to expect. these splits occurred, peither do we wish to renew regard to his appointments, amounts to a virtual ac- Might we venture respectfully to enquire what ne- any unpleasant feelings connected with them. It is knowledgment of the same fact, since he has refused to make any joint arrangements with Mr. Bragg with cessity there could exist for mixing up Mr. Banks enough to say that it is known that they did exist, respect to appointments, and has suddenly made and Locofocos with a question relating to a Cape Fear and that they did produce the effects we have stated change in them, apparently with a view of getting Bar Convention, or whether, by means of such irrelevant matters, the Observer desires to hide and cover teaching us lessons of harmony and mutual forbearup its own course, in finding fault where nothing but ance-of organization and adherence to that organizajaundiced prejudice could have imagined it. The tion. General Dockery's friends appear to be fully con- Observer says that it published its article, charging made, and in some they have not, but will shortly be. tions of the ground their candidate loses when met Wilmington with indifference to a Fayetteville work, Let us again and again urge upon our Democratic insinuating hostility to Fayetteville generally, be- brethren the necessity of allowing no circumstances Shortly after, Mr. Cameron of cause a "Locofoco" said something about Mr. Banks! to induce them to throw away or dissipate their

If the Observer has not the slightest objection to ression" made there, came to the rescue, to try and the proposed Railroad from Wilmington to Charlotte, of the opposition. wny did it, on a former (ccasion, make the queer allusion to that affair that it did. That giving Faynamely, that he did not believe that the Legislature etteville the "go-by," etc., appears, in view of its prepossessed the power to restrict a convention of the sent assertion, perfectly gratuitous and not well-

was a member, unanimously; from all which general meeting of the Stockholders of the Fayette- worthy character—not that we blame or find fault ville and Western Railroad last year, the committee empted to deceive the people in this regard by unan-mously asserting what was not believed by at least from Wilmington did not find any encouragement to to the harmony of the party and the good of the its prominent members. How much more of urge a connection between that place and this, and whole. nsincerity may be developed or exposed, quotes the following Resolution, offered at that meeting, by E. J. Hale, Esq., which was passed after discussion and amendment :

"Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, the State government as well as the representative no valid objection can be raised to a connection in hases upon which it is founded to innovation and this town of the contemplated Railroad from Wileverthrow, while at the same time, their unanimously mington to this place, with the contemplated Rail passed party platform presents a totally different as- Road from this place to the Coal Mines; but that

Who is to be the victim? Neither We call that pretty cold comfort. If that be "ene sincere'v believe, for our candid conviction is that couragement," we have no more to say. None of the to secure it. committee could find it. It is simply a waiver of op-

Raleigh on Wednesday last, and the Raleigh pa- To prevent misconception or misrepresentation, of the meeting does but simple justice to the able the law must and will be enforced. especially that of the Register, which We know that the resolutions which passed at the was clear, convincing and satisfactory, and will tell meeting held on Monday evening after the adjourn- at the election in August next. excite mirth, at the expense of his ment of the Convention, if they had pledged that qually retorted upon himself. The im meeting to anything more than endorsement of a dimeeting to anything more than endorsement of a direct connection with the West, and a prompt response proceedings of a meeting recently held in Wilminggh, long and loudly. The General got angry, and mirth grew more furious—finally the General to the call of Charlotte, would not have passed at all. ton, N. C., in favor of improving the Cape Fear Rivtopped the discussion and bolted somewhat prema- This very matter was brought up at that meeting and er, with a view to aid from Congress for that object. ey. We shall hereafter allude to the position ta- any such desire or intention disavowed on the part of the nonce, and went in strongly for the Whig docthe on that occasion, founding our remarks upon the the gentlemen by whom the resolutions were pre-

We do not say this because we expect to satisfy So far as the issues of State and national politics the Observer, but we do it that a proper understanding of the case may go forth to those who are capable

There seems to be a considerable amount of ignorance in the Quaker city commonly known as Philadelphia, in regard to the location of Wilmington, N. C. Some months since we engaged a Bookbinder to come out here, who backed out when he found that by coming to Wilmington, he would not be in the immediate neighborhood of an uncle he had in Alabama. Only two days ago, we received an account of some book-binding materials ordered to be sent by the quickest and most direct route. Our Philadelphia friends sent them by the steamship to Savannah. water communication with Savannah, until within a week or so an effort has been made to re-establish a communication with Charleston, by which route, per-

New Orleans. Such mistakes are never made in New York, and up in regard to the quickest and best routes, gives it known. a great advantage over its slower neighbors, which things. In New York, whatever else they lack, they at least are not deficien, in promptness.

An Act of Justice.

some time past to the case of Anthony Burns, the of Fayetteville flour at \$9 25. Fugitive Slave, recently taken up in Boston, and concurred as to the importance and necessity of porter of the Nebraska Bill and of the Fugitive Slave bave counseled violent or illegal measures, and all York. have fully sanctioned the action of the Commissioner

in their treasonable practices was simply an aboli. and Baltimore flour .- Fayetteville Obs. stated that he saw no objection to extending the tion falsehood, and so stamped by those officers. The truth is that at present there is little or no

of the 4th says that intelligence has reached Washington, from reliable sources in the city of Mexico, ington, from reliable sources in the city of Mexico, didate for Mayor in Washington City.

On Sunday amongst futers and those displacement of turb the public peace. The police soon interferred and stopped all further outbreaks by arresting the offending

Without relaxing one honorable effort to secure the triumphant election of Thomas Bragg, the able and worthy candidate of the Democratic party for not aided in paying this present and prospective debt which its undoubted preponderance in the popular also the perfect conformity of the proceedings in the connection that under the constitution of North Carolina, all the important political powers of the State

and his election a matter of perfect certainty. The party purposes, he had actually injured the cause of into the hands of the minority, or at any rate, totally Apparently, the Fayetteville Observer has been the case in this State two years ago, where divisions er John Taylor and conveyed to the revenue cutter So much for the past. We hope that these mistortunes will serve a good purpose in the future by

In some counties nominations have already been strength by useless and hurtful divisions among themselves, which can only enure to the advantage

The New Hanover County Convention meets here on Tuesday next. We trust that it will be full and the results of its deliberations satisfactory. We feel confident that the nomination will fall upon good men and true Democrats. More we do not care for -for we have no ends to serve save those of the pub-The Observer contradicts our statement, that at the lic, and have no sympathy with asperations of a less we believe will always be found willing to yield

Brunswick County.

It will be seen by the proceedings in another column, that the Democrats of Brunswick county have nominated for the House of Commons, from that determination of President Pierce to enforce the law, high character and popular manners, and one who prevented a recurrence of another "Shadrach rescue," would represent the County with credit and ability. when a lugitive similarly allocated many sent

A gentleman of Brunswick county, who was preand his friends upon the subject of the Public Lands,

in the premises. What next? Will not Gov. Johnson follow suit and lend a hand to the removal of the ery of a negro, value say one thousand dollars, at a bar in James river. We extract the above from a Norfolk whig paper

simply for the purpose of saying that it misrepresents of the United States. The mob in Boston did not or misunderstands Gov. Reid's position, at least so yield to the law-it yielded to a force that it did not far as the constitutional competency of Congress is dare resist. Let that force be absent and it would concerned. In going strongly for the work on the Cane Fear Bar. Gov. Reid did not " doffs his Democ- spend twenty thousand dollars to collect one due him racy" nor did he assume any grounds of the oppo- in Virginia or North Carolina? He would be apt to site party. The competency of Congress in the premi- think us a shackling, dishonest set. These fugitive see has never, that we are aware of, been called in negro cases are pretty much the same, and our Northern brethren are nothing to brag of, generally speakquestion, but on the contrary been admitted and as- ing. serted repeatedly by the highest Democratic authority. That our whig friends agree with us we are

suppose, will be sent on the Telegraph round by their especial charge.

are comparatively provincial in their way of doing days ago for merchants in this place by Mallett & citement was aroused in New York, where even more Paulmier, at \$9, to arrive; being 50 to 75 cts., above exaggerated rumors were in circulation. A meeting and only 25 cents below the sales of "choice brands" those present arm and go to Brooklyn to release their of Southern, that is, of Richmond and Baltimore flour. comrades The military were called out, however, The public attention has been chiefly directed for After the arrival of the America they sold other lots and the evening passed off without any fresh out-

People are so given to relying upon outside appear- rested. since remanded to his master and taken to Virginia fine barrels, is depreciated abroad, and even in our gretted, not only on account of their immendiately ances, that Fayetteville Flour, because not put up in Such occurrences as these cannot be too deeply re-He said he desired it to be known eve- in pursuance of the award of the Commissione. — neighboring town of Wilmington (with all its North wrong, but because of their tendency to stir up lastclaimed that it should be known, We have watched the course of the more respectable Carolina feeling) never brings within a dollar or two ing animosities, founded upon religious differences, onvention that nominated him, which Resolution of the price of an inferior Northern article. As to as well as jealousies and hear-burnings between nagment, was fuller and more explicit and we feel it due to them to say that so far as this the following fact. Charles P. Mallet. Esq., formerly ter of which the people of the South are happily until the following fact. opted by the Whig Convention. Ob- matter is concerned it has been highly commendation of this town and now of the above house of Mallett able to form an opinion. We sincerely trust that the been made to the declarations in the that works should be prudently und carried forward; but he desired to one could wish to see these works in the beldly and fearlessly in reprobation of lawless. one could wish to see these works im- out boldly and fearlessly in reprobation of lawless- assuring him that it would make more bread than character for some time past, in the gradual disaffecntly undertaken. Railroads had at one time ness, and in favor of the enforcement of the Statutes any flour he could get. The result was, that it acunpopular among us, on account of their of the United States. Parker, Philips and such like tually made 12 per cent. more of bread than the and immigrant population of several of the Atlantic passed away, and all men of all parties receive no favor at their hands. The Post is a sup- Northern flour. This flour at once secured custo- cities. Intelligent and peaceably disposed men, howmers for Fayetteville flour, and that house was ena ever, must see that personal violence, under any cirbled to realise, by actual sales, from 50 to 621 cents cumstances, is causeless, inexcusable, and worse than

> Again, we understand that some Fayetteville flour, scriptive in its character, as well as bitterly hostile shipped by merchants of this place from Wilmington to all citizens of foreign birth, is calculated to stir up direct to Liverpool, was examined particularly by the feelings among those attacked, and whose interests it The claim made by Parker and Philips that the flour brokers there and pronounced of the very first is supposed to put in jeopardy, -no worse plan of de Mayor and the Governor of the State were with them quality, worth 6d. more than the best Philadelpnia fence could have been adopted, than by a resort to

North Carolina Road eastward to Beaufort and west- There are bad presses in Boston, and bad men too, Northern flour brought to this market. Perhaps law. and bad principles rife in the State of Massachusetts : some little "Hiram Smith" flour, an extra brand, is but so far as we have stated, at least, credit is due, brought on and sold, but generally speaking Fayettemeans it would be safe for the State to do the same. and we cheerfully give it. Unfortunately, the bal- ville Flour alone is used. The Fayetteville Flour is exagerated account of a riot which occurred yesterday These extensions appeared to be just, expedient, and ance leans too heavily the other way to be serious- quite equal if not superior to any Northern flour, afternoon between a few Irish and Americans, in with the exception of such extra brand, and that pains to assertain the facts were aware that no one sells at such an exorbitant price, that nobody can was killed, and that only a few were slightly injured. with the exception of such extra brand, and that

An Inquest was held on last Wednesday by parties

The Boston Fugitive Slave Case-Burns Remanded to his owner.

On Friday last Commissioner Loring pronounced journal for its uniform, consistent and manly vindihis decision in the case of Burns, a fugitive slave cation of the Constitutional rights of the South, and, Governor, the members of that party should also di- claimed by Col. Suttle, of Virginia, as his property. rect their serious attention to the still more important By this decision the slave was remanded to his owner. The Commissioner affirmed the constitutionali- right or of justice; no fear of fanaticism, in any way

of eight or ten millions, by his plan of getting lands vote justly entitles it. We need hardly add, in this case to the requirements of the law. It had been courage and self-sacrifice than it does to be a Free proved by the records that Burns was the servant of Soiler in the North. But it does require moral hero-Col. Suttle, and had escaped. The identity of the ism of the loftiest kind in the midst of an anti-slavery individual was proved by Mr. Brent. Indeed this was evident from the testimony of Burns himself .-It was therefore clear that Burns was legally and In North Carolina or in other States similarly sit- rightfully the property of Mr. Suttle, and that he uated, any division or want of harmony in the ranks was entitled to his certificate, in which case it would people unpopular, into his support; and thus, for selfish and of the dominant party, may easily throw the power be given and the fugitive remanded to his lawful

Between two and three o'clock. Burns was escortneutralize that of the majority. This was actually ed to the wharf, where he was put on board the steam-Morris, lying in the stream, which was immediately towed to sea. He goes direct to Norfolk. Burns himself appeared in good spirits-laughed at the ex-

> There was an evident disposition for a riot, had not the arrangements made by the authorities been such as to render any attempt at violence totally dial acknowledgment, at least, is due from the South. hopeless. The number of the people in the streets, in the neighborhood of the Court House, is estimated at 20,000.

Cannon belonging to the United States were placed, first brigade of Massachusetts Militia, including the but there can be little doubt about the result. Lancers and Dragoons, were on parade, besides United States troops, and the Marshall's Guard, armed with swords and pistols. The fugitive was escorted to the whart by the Marshall's armed guard, numbering 200 men-three companies of U. S. troops, incluling the artillery detachment, with a 9-pounder and field piece, and the first brigade of Massachusetts Militia, making in all over 1,200 troops, as well as 150 citizens, said to be the Bay State Club, each arm- priately worn by another member of the family. ed with a cutlass and revolver.

At the corner of State and Washington streets, a quantity of snuff, cowbage, and a bottle of vitriol were thrown among the troops. In the vicinity of the Custom House, a truckman attempted to drive his team through the military line, when one of his horses, a valuable animal, was killed by a bayonet stab The crowd cried "shame," and made a rush, when the commander of the company ordered the troops to fire. Col. Boyd, of the Staff, however, countermanded the order. Several arrests were made, and three or four were badly hurt.

Several stores belonging to Abolitionists were closed and crape hung on the door. A coffin was suspended from the building at the corner of Washington and State streets. Application was made to the Mayor for permission to toll the bells, which was refused

So ends this case, and so ends, for the present, the excitement in Boston. The promptitude and stern County, Col. Gaston Meares, a gentleman of talents, at any cost, has foiled the abolition incendiaries and when a fugitive similarly arrested was forcibly taken We are pleased to learn that our friends are sanguine off to Canada. The Shadrach case in 1851 no doubt

deased with their standard bearer. The accounts go by," but the contrary. We believe we are fully sure of the fallacies propagated by General Dockery Massachusetts is a party, and yet, to carry into effect pointed alternate. the presence of a force sufficient to hold twenty thou- ing of this meeting be forwarded to the Wilming- regular, and of late, rapid, increase of the business sand rioters in check, and at an expense exceeding ton Journal for publication. twenty-fold the value of the property in dispute.-What practical advantage is this law ?-what pro- ned. tection is it to property?—what value to the individual slave-holder, or the the slave-holding community?

There may be, and we believe there are, good men and true in Massachusetts. We have seen that there Gov. Reid, we understand, doffed his democracy for are such men in the city of Boston; but that fact does not prevent both city and State from being so far delivered over to abolition lawlessness as to render it impossible to enforce a plain law for the recovless expense than perhaps twenty thousand dollars -This is practical nullification. There is a difference between obedience to law and obedience to the power trample on the law to-morrow.

How would a Bostonian or a New Yorker like to

Terrible Riot in Brooklyn. A riot broke out in Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon

between some Irish Catholics and a number of per-As to what Gov. Johnson of Virginia is to do in sons who had been to hear a street preacher, and any case we cannot pretend to say. We are not so fond of interfering in the affairs of that State as some of our Norfolk cotempories seem to be in the affairs Smith, it was fired upon from some houses on the first specially in matters which we do not under.

2. Resolved. That the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the procession. It is said, that as the procession was going down Main street from meet with our cordial approbation, and that we recommend him for re-nomination for the office of Senator from this Senatorial District.

3. Resolved. That the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who had been to hear a street preacher, and the public services of Thomas who were returning in procession. It is said, that me public services of Thomas who were returning in procession. It is said, that me public services of Thomas who were returning in procession was going down Main street from meet with our cordial approbation, and that we recommend him for re-nomination for the office of Senator in Corn. Denniston quotes Canal Flour at 38 @ 38s. 6d.; Other than the public services of Thomas who were returning in procession. It is said, that me public services of Thomas who were returning in procession. It is said, that me public services of Thomas who were returning in procession. It is said, that me public services of Thomas who were returning in procession. It is said, that me public services of Thomas who were retur Geo., by way of a direct route to Wilmington, N. C. fond of interfering in the affairs of that State as some as the procession was going down Main street from meet with our cordial approbation, and that we recomadelphia is north; and since the withdrawal of the of this, especially in matters which we do not under- line of march, and 7 or 8 killed, and 50 or 60 woundstand or about which we are not informed. One of ed. An Irish Company, the Shields Guards, was izen, Col. Gaston Meares, is an assurance of the these matters is the bar in James River. It is a pity reported to be out in full force, and shooting down triumph of Democratic principles in Brunswick counthat a similar reserve did not more generally mark Americans. These were the first reports, and, of ty, and that his nomination is unanimously endorsed the course of some of our Virginia cotemporaries, course, greatly exaggerated. Only two persons were There is a pair of shears yet to come, which, we who seemed to have taken North Carolina under killed—a bey and a policeman. Those injured were in any part of our country, as those which originated chiefly on the part of the Irish, who, it appears, re- and carried out the Boston riot, is deeply to be re-FAYETTEVILLE FLOUR .- Some facts have recently sisted the police. The report about the Shields Guards gretied; and that the promptness of the officers of the wing extract from a speech delivered by that gen- the ease and rapidity of communication with that come to our knowledge showing the estimation in was made out of the whole cloth, as it appears that city, the extent to which its business men are posted which Flour from this Market is held where it is not only did that company not shoot any body, but it dence of the whole American people. Sales of 1000 bbls. were made in New York ten was not on the ground at all. Naturally great exthe sales at the same date of extra Northern flour, was held in the Park, where it was resolved that break. Several of the original assailants were ar-

orward with the work of developing our re- Law, the others are opponents of both. Yet none per barrel more than other commission houses in New nseless, come from whom it may. If the "Know Nothing" movement-avowedly sectarian and proviolence. Again we say that such a resort is inexcusable under any circumstances, and should be repressed and punished with the utmost rigor of the

New York, June 5.—The most inflammatory and Brooklyn, have been sent off. Those who took any It was little more than a riot such as frequently occur on Sunday amongst idlers and those disposed to dis-

(Second Dispatch.)

A warm tribute of admiration is due this noble especially for its most gallant and patriotic bearing through the recent trying scenes in Boston. From ence in the Legislative Branch of the government to ty of the law under which Burns was claimed, and or shape; no wavering; no truckling to expediency or policy; no, not for a moment. To stand by the rights of the South in the South requires no more atmosphere charged with all the elements of destruction, to maintain and uphold the requirements of the Constitution, and to resist to the death the infliction

We Lonor from our souls such journals as the Boston Post, and the gallant and faithful men of Massa. chusetts who spirit it represents in its enlightened and

To the above, from the Richmond Despatch, we say Amen! Every word of it is true and every compliment deserved. We have been constant readers of the Post for years, and in its course we have seen no variation or shadow of turning. To those who, in such an atmosphere as that of Boston' stand up as the Editors of this Post do, a word of frank and cor-Ours is heartily and warmly given.

It appears that Conrad, the Whig Know-Nothing Maine Law and Free-soil nominee for Mayor, in fully charged, in the Court House square, so adjusted as to sweep down the opposition. The entire cratic candidate. The returns are not all received,

Professor Stowe said, yesterday :

"I pretend to no great things; but I hear that this beard don't leave this chin until the repeal of the fugitive-slave law is secured." The public will be sorry to hear of this determination; for it has long been thought that the professor's beard, and pants, too, could not be more appro-

> For the Journal. LOWER BLACK RIVER DISTRICT,)

Boston Post

June 3d. 1854. The Democratic voters of this District met to-day. at 12 o'clock, to appoint delegates to the Convention in Wilmington, on Tuesday of June Court, to nominate candidates for the next Legislature.

On motion, John B. Croom, Esq. was called to the Chair, and F. C. Singletary requested to act as Sec-

The meeting appointed Owen Alderman and F. Singletary as delegates, and A. J. Mott, Esq., and Dr. James F. Simpson as alternates.

On motion, the delegates were instructed to bring the name of Mr. John T. Moore, of Lower Blac River District, to the notice of the Convention. JOHN B. CROOM, Chm'n. FRANK. C. SINGLETARY, Sec'y.

PINEY WOODS DISTRICT,)

Fot the Journal. June 3, 1854.

According to previous notice, a portion of the Democrats met at their usual place of Muster Ground. for the purpose of appointing Delegates to a Conof success, and will make a strong and united effort encouraged these abolitionists to presume upon the vention to be held in the town of Wilmington, on weakness or inefficiency of the authorities, and un- Tuesday of June Court, to nominate Candidates for a Stores, Paper, &c., the returns of which are not givquestionably has not been without its effect in bring. seat in our next Legislature; and on motion of Isaac en because not fully reported by the boats. The ing about the recent attempted resistance to law .- M. Alderman, Michal Register was called to the quantity of Cotton shipped this year was unusually position. We repeat, they could find no encouragement at that time in Fayetteville.

sent at the meeting, assures us that the very best feeling prevailed upon the occasion, and that the report
ing prevailed upon the occasion, and that the report
ing prevailed upon the occasion, and that the report
ing prevailed upon the occasion, and that the report
ing about the feelthey have found their mestake in dealing with
chair, and Dr. John C. Broadhurst requested to act
ing prevailed upon the occasion, and that the report
ing about the feeling about the feelplained by the Chairman, proceeded to appoint the 539 hhds. Sugar, 1837 hhds. Molasses, 6,777 bags The fugitive-slave law is the supreme law of the following Delegates to attend said Convention: Dr. Coffee, 487 tons Iron, &c., &c. The Democratic accounts are jubilant and good-naThe former Officers of the Company were re-elec-The Democratic accounts are jubilant and good-na-tured, as of men confident of success and more than on the part of our people to give Fayetteville "the in response to the call made upon him. His expo-iou of the Constitution of the United States, to which motion of James T. Bland, Michael Register was ap-ted.

> On motion of James T. Bland, the meeting adjour-MICHAEL REGISTER, Chairman.

Dr. John C. Broadhurst, Secretary.

For the Journal. Democratic Meeting. Pursuant to a call for a Democratic meeting in Brunswick county, a large number assembled at the Court House, in Smithville, on Monday, June 1st. R. W. Rutland was called to the Chair and P Prioleau requested to act as Secretary. The Chairman then explained the object of the meeting, after which,

Col. Gaston Meares was nominated by acclamation. as the condidate for the office of Representative in the House of Commons, of the Democratic party of the

county of Brunswick. On motion, Thomas McDowell was unanimously recommended for re-nomination for Senator in this Senatorial District.

On motion, the Chairman appointed a committee of three, consisting of R. W. Woodside, Jacob Evans and Jesse Lancaster, to draft resolutions for the action of the meeting, which committee reported the

1. Resolved, That we approve of the nomination of Thomas Brage, as the Democratic candidate for the office of Governor of North Carolina, and that we will use our utmost efforts to secure his election.

2. Resolved. That the public services of Thomas

A. Resolved. That the public services of Thomas 1. Resolved, That we approve of the nomination of

3. Resolved, That the nomination of our fellow cit-

by this meeting. Government, in meeting the emergency and carrying out the laws of the land, entitles them to the confi-

5. Resolved, That it is a subject of congratulation to the Democratic party of the South and the Union, that the Nebraska Bill has passed, putting an end to the odious principles of the Wilmot proviso, and leaving that territory open to emigration equally, from the South as from the North, that the passage of that Bill by the Democratic party has placed the fact beyond question, that they are the truest friends of the Union and of the whole Country.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted. On motion, S. N. Galloway, O. D. Holmes and Dr. W. Curtis, were appointed a committee to wait on Col. Meanes, and inform him of his nomination and request his acceptance of the same.

M. B. Smith, Esq., being called upon, addressed the meeting in his usual forcible and happy styleand we think completely removed any favorable impression which Genl Dockery might have made, by xposing the fallacy of his arguments, and the weakness of whig policy in general in our State as well as national politics. There being no further business the meeting ad-

R. W. RUTLAND, Chair'n. P. PRIOLEAU, Sec'y. Later from Havana.

New York, June 4 .- The steamers New York and

Empire City, from Havana, with dates to the 29th May, has arrived. There was nothing new at Havana, at the time of the sailing of the steamers. Great Fallure in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2 .- Plate & Son, tea importers. largely engaged in the California trade, failed this morning. Their liabilities are said to be about \$2,000,000. They have made an assignment, and their assets, it is thought, will cover liabilities. Fatal Rallroad Accident.

London, (Canada West) June 2.—The passenger issued, ordering lists to be prepared of all persons on train of cars, running east from here, ran off the track the Island capable of performing military duty. London, (Canada West) June 2.—The passenger this morning whilst at full speed; three cars were thrown violently off the track down a steep embankment. They rolled over and over with all inside .-Seven passengers are already known to have been killed instantly, and several believed to be fatally wounded. Many others more or less injured. The by the Government. Four Americans from Key

A lady in Boston was recently bitten on the hand by a favorite cat. The hand became inflamed, the affrankly the probable cost which they would have to incur. He hoped our present works would, after a time, pay something into the State Treasury, and whatever was received from this source would to which they would have to incur. He hoped our present works would, after a doctor was sent for, who immediately proceeded to apply remedies securing partial ease. The case is then without delay.

2, p. m.—None of those who were wounded at the doctor was sent for, who immediately proceeded to apply remedies securing partial ease. The case is then without delay.

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2, p. m.—None of those who were wounded at the doctor was sent for, who immed "Mose," the property of Captain Gilbert Potters and the state of North Caronical Potters a

For the Journal. Smithville Mail. Dear Fulton-It is said there is a time when "pa. ience ceases to be a virtue and silence a crime. that time has not arrived, in reference to the mail for

this place, then your correspondent has judged erron. eously. What can the Postmaster General be about? What idea has he upon the subject of supplying the mail to citizens of the South? I would like him to answer these simple questions

Is there a town as large as this in the whole of New England that has no mail at all supplied? And further-is there a county seat in the whole of the great North, that is not supplied with the mail, at least three times a week. We are upon the navigable waters of the Cape

Fear; a steamer plies between us and Wilmington tri-weekly, and will soon commence running daily, and yet we have not been furnished with a single mail by the Department since the Rail Road line boats ceased to rass here-now about five months. Is not this a most extraordinary omission on the part of an officer holding as responsible a position as the Postmaster General? O! Well may the people sigh for the good old

days of Amos Kendall, the old Hickory of the Postoffice Department. Could he not be induced to accept the office again for the good of the country. It is clear Mr. Campbell is not the man for the times or the office he holds.

Mr. Kendall once brought the Post Office Department out of debt and destruction; let us have him again or some one else who can understand the wants and the rights of the community.

The proprietor of the steamer that will supply us with the mail daily during the summer and triweekly in the winter, will do it upon reasonable terms-upon almost any terms, and yet no steps (so far as the people of Brunswick county know) have been taken to give them a mail through the only town in the county. We appeal to you and all the press in Wilmington, to call public attention to this gross neglect on the part of the Postmaster General. We have some rights certainly, and we demand themwe have asked them long enough. P. S -Will the "Union" publish this that the P.

M. General may see it, in justice to a community of good citizens and good democrats—as you know Mr. F., I am. Business on the Cape Fear River. The Annual meeting of the Cape Fear Navigation Company, held on the 1st inst., furnishes some grati-

tying statistics of the increase of business on our river, and consequently in our town. The tolls received by the Company during the year amounted to \$12,584 68, an increase of \$2,424 37 over 1852-53, and double the amount received in

The amount of freights realized by the several steam boat Companies, was 100,677 44, an increase of 19,361 26, (and the last quarter's return of one of

the Companies not received.) The expenditures on the river during the year were \$2,861 20. Contingent expenses \$593 30. Dividends paid, \$8.709, being \$5 per share, or 10 per cent on the reduced par value of the stock. (The original cost of the shares was \$100, but to secure a State subscription the stockholders agreed to sink onehalf the value, and consider the shares as \$50.) A dividend of 4 per cent, or \$2 per share, was declared at this meeting. The tolls were reduced at this meet-

ing, from 121 per cent, on the freights, to 10 per

cent-a reduction equal to 20 per cent. Among the articles carried down the river, were 3882 bales of Domestics, 18,947 bbls. Flour, 1863 bbls. Copper Ore, with a large amount of Naval

The following statement of the Tolls received On motion of Isaac M. Alderman, that the proceed- the Company for the last eight years, will show the upon our river.

In 1846, amount of Tolls received, \$3,126 31 1847 4,124 23 1848 5,010 22 1849 5,225 45 1850 5.881 82 1851 6.120 67 1852 8,443 81 1853 10,160 31 1854 12,584 68 The influence of our Plank Roads has manifested

itself during the last three years .- Fayetteville Ob-Halifax, June 6th .- The steamer Niagara arri-

here this afternoon, bringing Liverpool dates of May Austria had not yet assumed a decisive attitude The Conference at Vienna had been resumed on the basis heretofore laid down by the Western Powers.

Prussia was apparently acting against Russia. The Russians were pressing the seige of Silistria vith vigor, and fears were entertained that the Turks could not hold out much longer.

LIVERPOOL, May 27th .- The cotton market is quite insettled, and quotations for some qualities are merely nom

Gardiner quotes Pork firm at unchanged rates. Lard de

clined 3s.

The London money market was tighter, but consols had advanced to 891.

At Manchester trade had largely declined, and the com aercial advices from India were unfavorable.

[This is all we obtained up to a late hour last night, cer

ain parties having cut the wires east of Boston.] Arrival of the Daniel Webster .- Two Weeks Later New Orleans, June 5.—The steamer Daniel Webster has arrived at the Balize with California dates

to May 16th. Her passengers are through from San Francisco in less than 20 days. The Star of the West left San Juan on the 31st, for New York, with 250 passengers, and nearly \$500,

000 in gold. It was reported that the revolution in Nicaragua ad proved unsuccessful. The Walker fillibustering expedition was altogeth-

er broken up. Mining operations continue prosperous. good health prevails. The Indians in the interior continue to give some

trouble. Business rather dull. Produce abundant and but little variation in prices since previous accounts .-Money was tight. The Golden Gate had arrived down from San

Francisco. The steamer George Law left Aspinwall on the 31st of May for New York, with the regular California mails, a full number of passengers, and one million and a half of dollars in specie.

ARRIVAL OF THE BLACK WARRIOR. New York, June 2d. The steamer Black Warrior has arrived with Havana dates of May 26th, and 148 passengers. This was no news of interest. The French and Spanish fleets were still in port. A large number of American vessels were loading. The U.

steamer Fulton had sailed. All on board well. Sugars dull and unchanged. Molasses in good demand at 21 a 23. Rice 121. No sales of flour. Pork 13. Freights unchanged. Exchange on N. York and Boston 1 a 11 discount.

It is stated that the Captain General was raising black troops, and has issued an address to the Director General of arms, &c., in which he says he is resolved that the banners of Spain shall wave over Cuba at all hazard. Another address has also been

Considerable excitement was occasioned on the 24th, by a report that a party of Americans had landed at Chonera, and that troops were immediately sent there, but found no one.

The French and English officers were being feted scene was one of deep distress. The engineer and fireman badly hurt.

West, of the surveying department, had not been permitted to go inside the city. Perzuela was reported to have said, that he

find little

may ists thei

and

gentl not b up in smile quali court Infamy! Infamy! Infamy!

Benedict Arnold has heretofore stood alone in the is ready to overthrow that freedom bought with such ant : natriotic blood. While at Boston and in Washington, finds utterance, a new appeal to the fell spirit aboliice from the South (?) itself.

'infamy" against it.

The following extracts we take from the commu-Whig:

"To the Fditors of the Courier and Enquirer : n your leading editorial article of to day."

he following assertion : PURPOSE WILL BE TO RESTORE THE MIS. was obtained that night.

SOURI COMPROMISE. land. This, too, while the abolitionists of Massachusetts are in arms! This, too, while the supremacy of the laws is threatened ! The Courier amd Enobjects and spirit thus :

The above comes from a highly intelligent Southspeaks the mind of the great body of Southern conervative Whigs."

The writer who signs himself a Southern Whig, and the editor of the Courier and Enquirer, will ittle countenance from aspiring politicians. who signed himself "A Southern Whig," in uttering premacy of the law can be maintained the above-quoted sentiment, dare rot give his name To the Editors of the Boston Post: and residence, if indeed he has such in the South .-It is from such men as these, from such sentiments descriptions of which now fill the press of the countpoor, deluded fanatics, who aim at these diabolical above sentiments. - Balt. Times.

Spaln, Cuba and the United States.

BALTIMORE, June 3, 10-50 A. M. The Washington Star, of Friday evening, says that various of the Foreign Ministers residing in that city, had received, by the Asia, positive information of the harmonious and entire settlement of the Black Warrior affair. Spain remits the fine of \$6,000 exacted of the owners of the ship; disclaims any intention of insulting the American flag in what transpired lations, &c., for the port of Havana to be so alcurred to it in the case in question.

The Paris correspondent of the New York Journal Commerce, informs that journal, on the authority of the Paris Assemblee Nationale, of the 18th ult., that a functionary of the Spanish Department of Foreign Affairs left Madrid on the 11th ult., for the Inited States, with a despatch to the Spanish Minister at Washington, containing a definitive settlement of the difference in the case of the Black Warrior. t is further stated by the same correspondent, that he fine of \$6,000 imposed upon the Black Warrior, by the Cuban authorities, had been remitted by the Spanish Government.

A NUT FOR THE ABOLITIONISTS.—The subjoined great city. No, never. It is recommended to the consideration of Abolition sire to hear, for truth would destroy their business.

to California by their master in the spring of 1850, whole country is deeply indebted. and as soon as practicable after their arrival in San Francisco started for the gold mines, where they have ever since labored faithfully, the proceeds of their labor rendering their owner wealthy. When they returned to San Francisco, the owner addressed them. picked up on the Isthmus of Nicaragua.

Spain .- There is something mournful about the decay of a once mighty nation. A fertile theme of meditation is afforded by the sight of a people whose memorial of departed greatness. Such is Spain at the resent day, and unless some important changes for the better occur, it is evident that her "course of empire" will soon be fulfiled. Under the Moors the an thirteen millions. The Calmor Publico, a Madrid

Granada, before its fall in 1487, contained 400,000 inhabitants, of whom 60,000 bore arms. It now 7th century, contained 60,000 inhabitants; it now contains 6.000. Merida, at the epoch, possessed 10,000 inhabitants; it now possesses only 5,000. In the 16th century, the diocese of Salamancha had one undred and twenty-seven cities and villages; it now has thirteen only. Segovia in 1725 had 5,000 families;

Court of St. Croix county, Wisconsin.

siderable merriment in the Court at the time.

uors sent from below and consigned for sale to the efendent. Evidence was given on the part of the serving the public peace during the week, and efendant to show that the brandies, &c., were thanked them heartily. made of forty cent whiskey, and drugged at that, Another gross fabrication relates to Mr. Loring, B dry and in oil, for sale by FREEMAN & HOUSTON. e jury very nearly as follows.

health and longevity; but a bad article of liquor, I gentlemen, or what is worse, a drugged article, cannot be tolerated; and dealers from below will send up into this beautiful country, so blessed with the smiles of the benignant creator, such a miserable quality of liquor as the proof shows this to be, in this court, gentlemen of the jury, they cannot recover.

| Boston Chronicle. | Bacon, well sance for course, of the latter. There may be half a dozen violent Abolitionists, among the students, but out of their select clique, no one would think of offering insult to Mr. Loring, by committing so ungentlemanly an act as that referred to.

| Boston Chronicle. | Bacon, well sance for course, of the indiscretion of the latter. There may be half a dozen violent Abolitionists, among the students, but out of their select clique, no one would think of offering insult to Mr. Loring, by committing so ungentlemanly an act as that referred to.

| Boston Chronicle. | Bacon, well sance for course, of the indiscretion of the latter. There may be half a dozen violent Abolitionists, among the students, but out of their select clique, no one would think of offering insult to Mr. Loring, by committing so ungentlemanly an act as that referred to.

| Bacon.—121 pieces NC small Bacon, well suited for sale by family use or retailing, for sale by family use or

Explanation. The following explanation of the attempted negodepth of his infamy and treason. It seems, however, tiations for the manumission of Anthony Burns, the that the spirit which would have betrayed America alleged slave, on Saturday, is furnished by Mr. Edin the hour of struggle for freedom, is not dead, but ward C. Parker, one of the counsel for the claim-

At the time of opening the hearing before Comthe open call for murder, civil war and revolution, missioner E. G. Loring, in the case of the alleged "fugitive from service and labor," Anthony Burns, gionism rings forth from a heretofore respectable I was told that if the claimant would consent, \$1,200 I was told that if the claimant would consent, \$1,200 could be raised within five minutes, to buy the freedom of said Burns. I advised with the claimant and dom of said Burns. I advised with the claimant and dom of said Burns. I advised with the claimant and dom of said Burns. I advised with the claimant and dom of said Burns. I advised with the claimant and the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of the said and the sai quarter, and comes to our ears in conjunction with a could be raised within five minutes, to buy the free-The New York Courier and Enquirer, has boldly he consented, provided it were done forthwith I then this State. taken the lead in this act of infamy. We will not describe the language of that sheet. We will use the wit: buying the freedom of said alleged slave. Subvery words of that Journal—aye, letters clipped from sequently I drew up another paper of similar characits issue of Wednesday last, to confirm the charge of ter, for the Rev. Mr. Grimes, the colored clergyman, but I told him and assured him, over and over again, that the whole matter must be fully arranged and nication of a person styling himself a "Southern completed absolutely forthwith, and certainly that day, or the claimant would be released from all assent to the agreement which he made, to show that "As a Southerner I offer you my hearty congratu- he was not harshly disposed towards the boy Anthoations for the manly and noble sentiments contained ny Burns. At 8 o'clock, P M., in the evening, only \$800 had been raised. Knowing then that the After suggesting the proper way to organize a matter must be very speedily consummated, if at all, party to repeal the Nebraska Bill, the writer makes I took another subscription paper, and went, with other gentlemen, to the houses of several persons, to THE ABOLITIONISTS AND THE FREE SOIL. ask their contributions; telling them no time was to ERS, IF THEY ARE SINCERE IN THEIR PRO- be lost. Finally, about 11 o'clock at night, a citi-TESTATIONS AGAINST THE EXTENSION OF zen of Boston put into my hands a check of \$400. SLAVERY, WILL UNITE WITH THE PARTY payable to my order, expressly stipulating that I THUS ORGANIZED, WHOSE SOLE AIM AND should not endorse it unless the freedom of said Burns

Both the counsel for the claimant then went immediately to the office of the Commissioner, who issued There is no language wherewith to designate the the warrant. Here a deed of manumission was drawn. deep and damning infamy of that man. He boldly The said Commissioner and both the counsel then proposes an alliance between the Abolitionists, Free went to the U. S. Marshall's office to complete the oilers, Free Negroes, and Southern Whigs, to make discharge of said Burns. It wanted about a quarter common war on the constitution and laws of the of twelve o'clock when we arrived at the Court House Some discussion then ensued between all parties, the United States Commissioner, the United States Attorney, and the counsel for the claimant, as to wheth- and is perfectly safe for young or old. The following testimony, quirer places this infamous position at the head of its er it would be necessary for the claimant to be in favor of M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, was handed us a short editorial column, and endorses it, and commends its brought down in person, to entitle the the Commissioner to discharge said Burns, and also to the protection of the United States Marshall from the costs gentleman in this city, and, we are confident, of all the military and other extra expenses in the Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge to a child of her's, four years old, case of a voluntary discharge of the person claimed. The statuary costs, although the claimant had not Democratic as the Times is, we feel it but justice agreed to pay them, it was understood there would be to the Whigs of the South to deny this assertion, no difficulty about. Before these two matters could be that they would join in such a coalition. It is not so, arranged, the clock struck twelve. I then told the Rev. Mr. Grimes that, inasmuch as the money was raised before twelve o'clock at night, I thought the claimfind themselves wofully mistaken. They may get a ant ought not to retire from the bargain unless the They parties withdrew the proffered money. The next may, also, rely upon the secret influence of abolition. morning being Saturday, the last :nentioned check of ists among us, perhaps, who dare not avow openly their fanatical and treasonable sympathies. But This wholly absolved the claimant from his agreethey will find no "aid", or "comfort" from the true ment. And now, the claimant being advised thereto men of the South, Whig or Democrat, in such an un- by many lovers of law and order, declines to negotiholy alliance. And we will assert here, that the man ate further, until it is first established that the su-

GENTLEMEN: At the request of my friends, Colonel Suttle and Mr. Brent, of Virginia, whose names have as these, suggesting, as they do, murder, riot and treason, that the lawless outbreaks originate, the mind, I write you this. The exciting trial of the fugitive slave is now over; the United States commisry, and cover us with confusion and shame. The sioner, after much research and deliberation, has given his decision, and the fugitive, Anthony Burns, appeals, are less to blame than the suggestors of the is on his way back to Virginia. No man in Boston can fairly say he did not have an impartial trial, and that he was not ably defended by counsel learned in the law and full of zeal for their client; and that, the brain so far as sympathy could go, that it was not all on his side. In the name of my Virginia friends, I have to thank the citizens of Boston for the firm and patriotic manner in which they have acted during the whole course of this exciting trial To the United States marshal, to the civil and military authorities, to the United States district attorney, to his counsel, on her part in the course of the affair, and orders her and to the citizens who took an interest in executing the laws of the land, in the name of Virginia and the South, Colonel Suttle returns his warmest thanks.

Call and get pamphlets, and see cures of Coughs, Brouchitis, rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Scrofula. As a female when I shall return to my own State I can say to Louisianians that Boston is a law-abiding city, and that I have seen the rights of Southern men respected and firmly maintained—that the order-loving citizens of Boston, in the broad noon of day, executed the constitutional law of the land. The North and the than ever before. Our Types and Presses are unsurpassed South are connected by every tie of blood, of friendship, and of interest, and cursed be the hand that shall ever break them apart. Boston is a great city—

ship, and of interest, and cursed be the hand that shall ever break them apart. Boston is a great city—

procured within the year from the manufacturers. The in many respects the first in the Union ; it is the seat of learning and of science; she has sent out to the South and West many a noble son, and her daughters South and West many a noble son, and her daughters are now the mothers of southern children. Shall a month unpacked and added to our already extensive stock few misguided men make odious the whole of this of jobbing materials, a very considerable amount of the new-

A NUT FOR THE ABOLITIONISTS.—The subjoined statement is copied from the New Orleans Picayune. It is recommended to the consideration of Abolition leaders at the North. It is a simple and truthful leaders at the North. It is a simple and truthful leaders at the North. It is a simple and truthful leaders at the North. Our charges will be narrative, which the leaders themselves have no de- To the kind-hearted and philanthropic ladies and gentlemen who actually subscribed and were anxious to The steamship Pampero, on her last trip from San purchase the freedom of Anthony Burns, I am authorluan, brought up twelve or fifteen slaves, who, to- ized to say, that after his return to Virginia, they can gether with their master were on their return from fulfil their benevolent wishes. To the gentlemen of alifornia to Georgia. These slaves were taken out the Boston press who have sustained the law, the

> Yours, very respectfully, H. W. ALLEN, of Louisiana. Revere House, Boston, June 2, 1854.

Theodore Parker. The sermon of this clerical ruffian, on Sunday last, and informed them that they were free, and offered adds the crowning stone to his career of infamy. to rig them out in the fine style, and give each of them a sufficient sum of money to enable him to start of hatred, malice, and all uncharitableness, never bethem a sufficient sum of money to enable him to start far in the world for himself. Without a single exception they refused. They had all been looking forward with great glee to a return to the "old plan-littion" and the "old folks at home" and so back. ation," and the "old folks at home," and so back who professes to be a preacher of the Gospel, stood they all come, and by this time, perhaps they are up and uttered just such words and sentiments as mishing the young darkeys, who have never left none but a minister of Hell could utter. Over the murme, with the wondrous instances which befel them | der of Batchelder he exulted like a fiend. "A man," a the land of gold, and gratifying them with a sight say he, "has been killed. He was a volunteer in of the monkeys, and paroquets, &c., which they this service. He liked the business of enslaving a man, and has gone to render an account with God for his gratuitous work." He then proceeded to assert that the U. S. Commissioner, Loring, was responsible for the death of Batchelder, though, he said very name was once emblematic of dignity and splendor, of power upon the land and on the sea—sinking
sadly—though haughtily—into a mere melancholy

he had anticipated better things than
from Loring, who, according to his account, was
a law partner of Horace Mann. The self-complasadly—though haughtily—into a mere melancholy

GEO. H. KELLEY'S. for a moment that the blood of Batchelder was on

opulation of Spain was thirty millions; it is now less Court House, came in for a liberal share of vituperacontains but 60,000 souls all counted. Malaga in the 17th century contained 80,000 inhabitants; it now possesses only 50,000. Medina del Campo, in the The accident of birth kept you and me from being

now 2,000. Seville, in the 17th century, had a population of 300,000, of which 130,000 were employed in manufactures; it now contains 96,000 souls, all told. Toledo, in the 15th and 15th are sould. munabitants; it now has 15,000. Valence, which in hardly numbers 60,000. In 1778 there were counted hardly numbers 60,000. In 1778 there were counted has been increasing from that day to this."

THOS. L. VAIL, Commissioners F. GEORGE.

June 9

THOS. L. VAIL, Commissioners F. GEORGE.

The proprietors feel great confidence in presenting the above article for use, believing it will prove fully adequate to the ends proposed, and invaluable as a medicinal remedy. For sale by the Proprietors, C. & D. Du PRE.

The proprietors feel great confidence in presenting the above article for use, believing it will prove fully adequate to the ends proposed, and invaluable as a medicinal remedy. For sale by the Proprietors, C. & D. Du PRE.

A ISO. Valence, which in intimate that his Excellency came to Boston for the express purpose of ordering off the State troops and interfering, in some unexplained way, with the investigation going on before the Commissioner. The business, and to attend anniversary meetings, has A Model Charge.—The following amusing incithought proper to give an emphatic contradiction to filled on reasonable terms, by adressing thought proper to give an emphatic contradiction to June 4th, 1854 W. M. SHERWOOD & CO. dent transpired at the Spring term of the Circuit the statement of the leaders of the Abolition riot.—

Court of St. Croix county, Wisconsin.

At the banquet of the Cadets on Wednesday evening, The Judge of the Circuit court, lately in session at he rupudiated the assertion with indignant earnest-Hudson, Wisconsin, gave a charge to the Jury on a ness, pronouncing the report of his sympathizing certain action tried before him, which excited conwith the disturbers of the peace, an absolute and unqualified falsehood, in whatever form it was ut-The action was to recover the value of certain li- tered. He also paid a high and deserved compliment

whereas the Judge was very indignant, and charged the U. S. Commissioner. It was said that on entering the Law School lecture-room at Cambridge, Gentlemen of the Jury:-Pure unadulterated liquor he was hissed by the students. It appears that upon bentlemen of the Jury:—Pure unadulterated liquor he was hissed by the students. It appears that upon he was hissed by the students. It appears that upon he was hissed by the students. It appears that upon he was hissed by the students indiscreetly as the experience of the Court extends, conduces to applicable the students of the court extends, conduces to applicable the students of the court extends conduces to applicable the students. It appears that upon he was hissed by the students. It appears that upon he was hissed by the students indiscreetly those Liste Thread Shitts. Those who have been waitable to the court extends conduces to applicable the court extends conduced the court extends conduce as the experience of the Court extends, conduces to applauded him, whereupon other students commenced idg can be supplied at hissing the applauders, by way of rebuke, of course, DACON.-121 pieces

Redemption of the Public Debtifor the week ending Loan of 1842 \$69.000 1846 " 1847 " 1848 -

6.000

255,550.

Texan indemnity

[May 18, '54-37-taug We are requested to give notice that Mr J. B. FRA-ZEL is a candidate for the Sheriffalty in Onslow county, at the ensuing election in August next. [May IS-37-taug We are requested to give notice that Mr J. B. FRA-ZEL is a candidate for the Sheriffalty in Onslow county, at the ensuing election in August next. [May I8—37-taug]
BALDNESS CURED!—EMERSON AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE. For Restoring the Hair on Heads hopelessly not prevent the Hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article, recently introduced, is a sure thing for Baldness, and will stand the test of a discerning public. The Proprietors have such confidence in it that they authorize their Agents to take recently introduced, is a sure tuning recently introduced, in the sure tuning recently introduced, is a sure tuning recently introduced, in the sure tuning recently introduced, is a sure tuning recently introduced, in the sure tuning recently introduced, in

Sold by Wm. H. LIPPITT, Wholesale Agent for Wilmington and surrounding country.

An infallible Remedy for Bile, Jaundice, and Liver Complaints, Holloway's Pills.—Extract of a Letter from Jane Jenkins, of Apalachicola, Florida, to Professor Holloway.—"I suffered for seven months from jaundice, and bile, arising from a very disored state of the liver, during this time, although I tried many remedies I obtained no relief to my sufferings. At length, I purchased a quantity of your Pills, and after using five boxes, I was perfectly cured, and with confidence recomment them to others who are thus afflicted."

Signed)

JANE JENKINS.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London,) and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in Boxes at 37½c., 87c., \$1 50 each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses of the Union; by Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands, New York; A. O. BRADLEY, Wilmington, N. C. It There is no considerable saving by taking the largest sizes.

There ion considerable saving by taking the largest sizes. N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder re affixed to each box. HOW TO GET RID OF WORMS.

THE SIMPLEST THING IN THE WORLD. You have only to purchase a bottle of M'Lanes Celebra. ted Vermifuge, and administer it according to the directions ac- Harriss; with made. companying each vial. It never fails to give immediate relief,

NEW YORK, November 16, 1852. A friend of mine purchased and administered one bottle of M'which brought away between three hundred and four hundred worms-many of them large. The child is now well, and living in Bemington place. For further particulars, inquire of Mrs. sel and Eilers; with naval stores.

Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A H VanBok-P. S. Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, also his Liver Pills,

can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city. Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others in comparison are Worth; with mdze.

For Sale by WM. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington, N. C.

Ye Sick, Read and Try Hampton's Tineture. BARRELVILLE, Alleghany County, Md., May 4, 1852. To M ssrs. Mortimer and Mowbray—Dear Sirs.—In justice to Dr Hampton's Vegetable Tineture, I wish to inform tice to Dr Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, I wish to inform you that I was taken sick on the 3d day of January last with an affection of the stomach, bowels and kidneys. I was attended by four eminent physicians for more than two months, all to little or no effect. I had some knowledge of the stomach, to Manson, Rason, Rason the great virtue in Hampton's Tincture from one bottle & D McRae & Co; with lime. which my wife had taken two years since. which my wife had taken two years since.

I came to the conclusion that I would take no more medicine from physicians, but try the Tincture; and I am happy steamer powerful influence upon my stomach. I have continued using the Tincture, and am now ablato leave my room and can eat

any common diet without much inconvenience or pressure on The afflicted or their friends are daily visiting me, to learn the great virtue there is in this Tincture of Hampton's. I expect to send you several certificates in a few days-one especially, from a young lady who has been confined to her room for twelve months, with a disease of the head, affecting

Of the permanency of the cure hear nim. Still another tter from the above :

py to inform you that this day finds me in the enjoyment of good health, by the use of your Hampton's Tincture and the blessings of God. I am enabled to pursue my daily avocations as usual, and I have a great desire that the afflicted should know the great curative powers of the Tineture.
I am, with respect, yours, E. W. Hall

OUR JOBBING FACILITIES. Having at last succeeded in procuring a sufficient number of printers, we are now prepared to execute every description of JOB WORK from a VISITING CARD up greater portion of our types have also been received from the foundry within the same time, and have been selected by ourselves, so that our customers need not be afraid of anyest and most valuable types and borders, suitable for every

found moderate and uniform.

All work is under the personal supervision of one of the firm FULTON & PRICE.

OUR BINDERY.

Our Binder has arrived, and will have our Bindery in operation in the course of a few days. Persons wishing Books bound, will please hand them in on and after Thursday next. FULTON & PRICE.

TAKEN UP AND COMMITED TO the Jail of Bladen county, a negro man about 23 years old, yellow complected, blind in one eye, (the left) part of the fore finger on the left hand off. Said Boy said that he was free, but could show no papers to that effect, only some that had no signatures to them; but on close examination acknowleged that he was a Slave, and runaway from Mr. Bichard Earnes, near Fair Bluff. The

SUNDRIES FROM BALTIMORE. Per Schr. H. P. Russell: 24 FIVE Gallon Kegs; 24 Ten do do 9 15 do do

1 doz. Iron bound 1 bushels, with bars across;
4 nests best Cedar Tubs;
4 dozen Iron Wire Seives; 10 nests of Flour Buckets; 4 dozen Axe Helves. Low for cash at GEO. H. KELLEY'S.

\$30 REWARD.

**Soul, and that he will have to answer for it at the bar of God.

The soldiers of the United States, stationed in the Court House, came in for a liberal share of vituperation. "They are, I am told," quoth Parker, "mostly foreigners—the scum of the earth—none but such enter into armies, as common soldiers, in a country like ours. I say it with pity—they are not to blame for having been born where they were, and what they

Source Ward.

**Ranaway, from the subscriber, on the 27th of May, and the Addot Anoad, 2d supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply.

**The four frame the sunday night last, a likely Saddle Horse from my stables. The borse is of a dark bay color, has a scald on his back, occasioned by the saddle. I will give twenty dollars for the apprehension and delivery of said negro to me, or for his confinement in any sails so that I can get him, and ten dollars for the return of the horse, of the public, that he is prepared to take contracts in his delivery of said negro to me, or for his confinement in any sails so that I can get him, and ten dollars for the return of the horse, or five dollars for information leading to his recovery.

Dogwood Neck. Po., Round Swamp Plantation, Horry Dist. S. C.

Dogwood Neck. Po., Round Swamp Plantation, Horry Dist. S. C.

**The four fram at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four five doubts, and is likely. He also stole, on my stables. The broad house, another supply. The four five supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four five supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four five supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four five supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four five supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four fives, and for supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply; the Drama at Pokerkerv Dogwood Neck, Po., Round Swamp Plantation, Horry Dist, S. C. 30 1d3w

The accident of birth kept you and me from being that same scum." Was there ever such a Pharisee? "God, I thank thee, that I am not as other men!"—And this from the lips of a traitor and murdere! Richmond Dispatch.

Abolition Falsehoods.—Among the stories fabricated by the Abolitionists, is one that Gov. Washburn sympathized with them in their diabolical proceedings. No one, we presume, credited the statement, though the Commonwealth went so far as to

2 do 1 do 2½ do 1 do Distillers and Barrel Makers can always have their orders Office Wilmington and Topsail Sound P. R. Co.,

A T the regular meeting of the Board of Directors held thi day, the following resolution was passed:

"RESOLVED, That Books of Subscription to the Capital Stock of this Company be opened (for the completion of the Road,) at the office of the Company, by the Secretary and Treasurer, and at Topsail Academy under the directrion of J. M. Foy.

June 6 233-1t-40-6t DRIDGE WATER Fire and Weather Proof Paint,

June 8 YESTERDAY BY EXPRESS,

MARRIED. [In Sampson County, on the first day of June, by Everet Peterson, Esq., Mr. Dickson Blackburn to Miss Ann E. Merritt; all of Sampson county.

On the 1st inst., on Chappell Swamp, Onslow county, N. C., by T. Haskins, Esq., Mr. James P. Ketcham, to Miss 97,200

Luczer W. Wharton; all of Onslow. In this town, on the 28th inst., by James L. Corbett, Esq., Mr. W.M. Thigren, to Miss Ann M. Martin.

In Duplin county, on the 25th of May, by Blaney Williams, Esq., Jos. A. Carter, Esq., to Miss Louisa Holmes, both of Duplin.

> DIED. In Providence, R. 1., on the 21st ult., after a short and trying sickness, Mrs. Abby P. Arnold, wife of Mr. A. B. Arnold, in the 59th year of her age. Her sickness and death

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA

June 3-steamer Southerner, Roberts, from Fayetteville, W H McRary & Co.; with 169 bbls. flour, 20 do rosin, 35 do spirits turpentine.
schr Southerner, Burr, from New York, to J H Flanner with mdze. 4-schr Lucy Whetham, Milton, from Boston, to Geo Har-

schr Eldad, Reeve, from Jacksonville, Fla., to Geo Harriss. The Eldad was bound to Boston, with a cargo of lumber, but on the 1st inst. she sprung aleak, and had to put in here for repairs; will discharge cargo, and go on the railways. schr Lillie Sanders, Norton, from Philadelphia, to Geo

Brig Marcia, Duntan, from Bath, Me., to Geo Harriss with bricks. schr H. Hallock, Pow, from New York, (60 hours to the Bar,) to J H Flanner; with mdze.
Schr Onward, Smith, from Millstone Point, Ct., to J & D McRae & Co. Schr J H Chadbourn Wainwright, from Boston, to J H Chadbourn & Co.

Brig A G Washburn, Johnson, from Bristel, R. I., to Kidder & Martin Steamer Henrietta, Allen, from Elizabethtown, to Wes-

5.—Steamer Fairy, Rothwell, from Fayetteville, to E J Lutterloh; with 100 bbls flour, 60 do turpentine. June 5—sehr W A Ellis, Jones, from New York, to T. C. steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBoksteamor Sun, Rush, from Fayetteville, to Jos. J. Lippit.

6-steamer Nina, Atkins, from Charleston, to De Rosset & Brown. June 15-sehr J C Manson, Rabon, from Shallotte, to

steamer Douglass, Williams, from Fayetteville, to John steamer Rowan, Barber, from Fayetteville, to WP Elliott steamer Gov Graham, McRae, from Fayetteville, to T C & B G Worth; one boat in tow, with 248 bbls. spirits turpentine, 356 do. rosin, 52 do. copper ore, 65 bundles paper, 20 bbls. and 35 bags flour, 17 bales waste. June 7 .- Schr Siam, Durham, from Porto Rico, to DeRos

Brig Tangier, Griffin, from Portland, Me., to Kidder Brig Richmond, Alley, from Wiscasset, Me., to J H Chadbourn & Co.; with hay. Schr Mary Jane, Auld, from Bath, Me., to J H Chadbourn & Co. BARRELVILLE, Alleghany county, Ma., Oct. 15, 1852.

Messrs Mortimer and Mowbray—Dear Sirs: I am hap to inform you that this day finds me in the enjoyment of bod health, by the use of your Hampton's Tincture and the cosines of God. Lem engled to myseus my dolly accessing of God. Lem engled to myseus my dolly access.

len. Steamer Carolina, Coxetter, from Charleston, to Rankin & Martin; with 19 passengers. CLEARED. June 3 .- schr Helene, Stutes, for New York, T C Worth; with naval stores, &c.
schr Radiant, Whitehurst, for Newbern, by Wm A Gwyer.

schr Radiant, Whitehurst, for Newbern, by Will A Gwyer.
schr Wake, Briggs, for New York, by Geo Harriss; with
279 bbls. flour, 10 do spirits turpentine, 2,273 do rosin.
schr S N Smith, Smith, for Philadelphia, by Geo Harriss;
with 54 bbls. spirits turpentine, 1,472 do rosin, 61,615 feet schr J H Flanner, Vangilder, for Philadelphia, by Geo. Harriss; with 3 bales warp, 28 do yarn, 120 do sheeting, 30 rolls leather, 2 bbls pitch, 28 do tar, 193 do spirits turpentine,

1.309 do rosin. 5-schr Westport, McCobb, for Boothbay, Me., by Peirce & Dudiey; with 102,000 feet lumber.
steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A H VanBokke-Steamer Southerner, Roberts, for Fayetteville, by W H June 5-schr Arlington, Murch, for Boston, by T. C

Worth; with 2,200 bbls rosin. 6-steamer Henrietta, Allen, for Elizabethtown, by steamer Sun, Rush, for Fayetteville, by Jos. J. Lippitt. steamer Eliza, Dicksey, for Fayetteville, by J. E. Metts. steamer Spray. Price, for Smithville, by A. H Van-Schr L P Smith, Derrickson, for New York, by DeRosset & Brown; with naval stores, &c.
Schr Emily, Mankin, for New York, by Freeman & House

ton; with 4 bbls ore, 2,480 do rosin.
Steamer Nina, Atkins, for Charleston, by DeRosset & June 7-schr Elouise, Jones, for NY, by TC Worth; with June 7—schr Elouise, Jones, for N 1, by 1 0 worth; with rough rice and rosin.

brig Harriet Newell, Warren, for Boston, by J & D Mc-Rae & Co; with 149,970 feet lumber.

schr Ambassador, Allen, for South Thomaston, Me, by J & D McRae & Co; with 84,000 feet timber and lumber.

schr H P Russell, Diggs, for Baltimore, by Russell & Bro; with 26 bales cotton, 141 bbls spirits turpentine, 150 do rosin,

som; with naval stores, &c. schr Echo, Potter, for New York, by J H Flanner; with 1,575 bbls. rosin.
schr Alba, Haff, for New York, by Geo Harriss; with 2 bales wool, 20 do cotton, 2 bbls brandy, 127 do flour, 685 do

spirits turpentine, 2,491 do rosin. steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A H VanBok-June 8 .- Steamer Douglass, Williams, for Fayetteville, by John Brig Amos Lawrence. Partridge, for Boston, by Rankin & Mar-Brig Amos Lawrence, Fartridge, for Boston, by Kankin & Sartin; with naval stores and pea nuts.

Schr Olive Branch, Austin, for Boston, by J & D McRac & Co, with 110 bbls rosin, 76,000 feet lumber.

Schr Tioga, Stoddard, for St Domingo, by Peirce & Dudley; with \$3,000 feet lumber, 204,000 shingles. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A H Van Bokkelen.

Life of Dr. Archibald Alexander, the first Professor in the Theological Seminary, at Princeton, New Jersey, by James W. Alexander, D. D., received and for sale by J. T. MUNDS.

Cheap Publications received to-day. The Discarded Daughter, 2 vols; Virginia and Magdalen, or the Foster Sisters; the Bride of the Wilderness; Dodd Family

put up Stills at the shortest notice. Medicated Gutta-Percha Collodion,

A NEW and Valuable Remedy for dressing Wounds, Cuts, Burns, and Ulcers. It has been tried successfully by Physicians, and found superior to any remedy of the kind now in use. It forms, when applied, a Cuticle, soft, clastic, and impervious to water, assimilating most perfectly the natural Cuticle. It may be advantageously used in chapped lips, excoriations about the neck and ears of children, and for abrasions of almost every kind, and as a dressing in sur-

FOR SALE-25 hhds. Orleans Sugar; 500 lbs. Maple do; 50 bbls. City Mess Pork; 10,000 lbs. N. C. Bacon; 5 hhds. Western Sides; 100 kegs Nails;

5 boxes Loaf Sugars. All of which will be sold low by May 15th, 1854 WM. M. SHERWOOD & CO. AUSE Shirts .- A delightful article at SCOTT & BALDWIN'S. CUMMER Merino Knit Hose .- 20 doz. of those de-

lightful half-hose, just received at SCOTT & BALDWIN'S READ, Read, Read.—The Trial of Matt. F. Ward, with the speeches of Counsel, &c. Reported by A. D. Richardson, one vol. 8 vo. of 176 Pages, Price 25 cents. Received per Adams & Co's fast Express and for sale by June 3d, 1854

J. T. MUNDS.

CUMMER Cravats-A new assortment of 24 doz. just opened at SCOTT & BALDWIN'S.

WILMINGTON WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

It should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid. NAVAL STORES, \$280 lbs BEESWAX, # 16..25 @ BEEF CATTLE, \$\pi\$ 100 lbs...5 00 @ 6 00 Bricks, \$\pi\$ M.7 00 @12 00 Turpentine,

*Virgin dip. 0 00 @ 3 15
Yellow dip. 0 00 @ 2 75
Hard...... 0 00 @ 1 40
Tar...... 0 00 @ 3 35
Pitch..... 0 00 @ 2 00
Rosin, No.1,2 50 @ 2 75
de No.21 25 @ 1 55 Candles, P b.
Tallow......17
Adamantine..25
Sperm......35
Coffee, P b. do. No.3,1 00 @ Sp'ts Turp, ₩gallon....00 Varnish,₩gal,20 Oils, a gal DILS, ₩ gallon.
Sperm.....1 25 @ 1 95
Linseed, raw 95 @ 1 00
do. boiled 00 @ 1 10
Whale0 00 @ 0 00 00 @ 0 95 B bush DOMESTICS. Sheeting, Byd.71 @ Yarn, Bib... 00 @ EGGS, & doz....20 @ EMPIY BARRELS, each, Rosin 20 @ POTATOES, Sweet, bush.1 25@ 1 50 22 do 00 @ do. # bbl..0 00 ROVISIONS, 7 1b. N. C. Bacon, last rates paid.

Spts. Turp. 2 40 @ 2 65
FEATHERS, # bb..
Mullets...0 00 @ 0 00
Mackerel, No. 1 @00 00 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 do. Western Bacon, Shad, Ocean,00 00@00 00 Herrings,East 3 75@ 4 00 do. N.C.roe,5 75@ 6 00 do. do. cut, 7 00 Middlings .. 9 Shoulders... 7 N. C. Lard...10 do. do. cut, Dry Cod, Butter21 W cwt....3 75 @ 4 50 FLOUR, # bbl., Canal. 11 00 @13 00 Baltimore... 0 00 @ 0 00 Fayetteville 8 75 @ 9 00 Beef, Mess.00 00 @17 50 RAIN, P bush. do. Fulton Corn......82 @ Market . . 00 00 @20 00 Oats 60 @ 70 White Beansl 00 @ 1 25 POULTRY. Chickens, live .40 @ Pease, Cow.1 05 @ 1 10 Rice, rough.0 00 @ 1 00 Turkeys, livel 00 @ 1 25 do. dead, 10 121 @ Alum & bush...00 @ Liverpool & sack, ground.1 40 @ 1 Y, # 100 Bs. Eastern....0 00 @ 1 35 Northern 1 20 @ 1 25 SUGARS, # 16. Kico ... 61 @

English, ass'd..4½ @
American, ref..5½ @
do. sheer...0 @
do. hoop....0 @ New Orleans. . 5 Muscovado ... 51 @ Loaf & crush .101 @ Swede.......51 @ 00 Lime, # bbl..0 00 @ 0 00 Clarified and Granulated. 7 @ Line, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ bbi..0 00 @ 0 00
Liquors, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ gall. (domestic.)
Whiskey ... 32 @ 35
N. E. Rum... 40 @ 42
Gin...... 40 @ 45
Brandy 42 @ 45
do. Apple..65 @ 1 00
LUMBER, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ M., (River.)
Floor.B'ds.10 00 @00 00
Wide do... 0 00 @ 7 00 SOAP, # Ib..... 51 @ SHINGLES, # M. Contract ... 5 00 @ 6 00 Common ... 2 75 @ 3 R. O. Hhd. 00 00 @00 00 Ash Head'g. 0 00 @12 00

Timber, & M.
Shipping. 12 00 @13 00
Mill, prime 9 00 @11 00
do.inferior) to Wide do. 0 00 @ 7 00 Scantling. 0 00 @ 6 00 Scantling.. o ol.
Molasses, per gallon.
Cuba.......21 @ 22 NAILS, # 16.

Note.—River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, sold in the water are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, coop erage, &c.;—say on Lumber 80 cents to \$1 \$\mathbb{R}\$ M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10 @ 15 cents \$\mathbb{R}\$ bbl.—and on naval stores, when brought per railroad, about the same expenses are in curred.——*For Virgin or mixed Turpentine a deduction of one fight is made according to quality. of one-fifth is made, according to quality.

TO NEW YORK.

 Turpentine,
 per barrel,
 \$ 35 a \$

 Rosin and Tar,
 do
 30 a

 Spirits Turpentine,
 do
 70 a

 Cotton goods and yarns, per foot, a 60 Curpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 45 a

 Spirits Turpentine,
 .do
 .90 a
 .00

 Lumber, perM.
 .00 00 a
 14 00

 Peanuts,
 ∌ bushel,
 .00 a
 12

 Wilmington Bank Rates of Exchange. Baltimore.... 1 per ct. prem. | Philadelphia 1 per ct. prem New York,... 1 " Virginia... ½ " " Charleston, ...

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET, FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 8, 1854

TURPENTINE.—The receipts of Turpentine for the week ended this morning have been light, reaching only 1,405 barrels, which is barely sufficient for distillers; the light arrivals, consequently, keep most shippers out of the market. We note an advance this week of 5@ 10 cents on virgin, 5 are as follows :

Thursday.... 81.. 3 15...... 2 75...... 1 40

(\$3 15 for virgin, \$2 75 for yellow, and \$1 40 for hard prompt customers. \$280 fbs,) at which there is a fair demand; but very little hard arriving. SPIRITS TURPENTINE-Has come in quite freely during

the week, but the larger portion has been for shipment. We note a very unsteady market for the week, prices having gone up 1 @ 2 cents, and again declined; quotation, however, is I cent higher than last week's rate. Sales as follows:

Thursday Friday 433 "
Saturday 51 " Monday 277 Tuesday 23 200 " Thursday

The market this morning appears to be firm at 40 cents.— We learn that buyers readily offer 39 @ 39½ cents # gallon, but sellers generally are holding at 40 cents, with a light sup-

Rosin .- The stock of Common Rosin has been materially reduced for the past week or two, and we note a very light supply on market. The transactions have been light, and are as follows: On Friday 570 bbls. at \$1 05@\$1 10 for large size; Saturday, 240 do. at \$1 for small; and Monday, 551 do. at \$1 10 for large bbls. There is a fair demand, and we quote the market firm at \$1 10 for large. (weighing 310 to 320 fbs.) \$1 05 for medium, and \$1 for small size bbls. In No. 1 we note sales on Thursday of 50 bbls. at \$2 50, and Monday, 200 do. at \$2 50@\$2 75 \$\mathref{E}\$ bbl., as in quality. No sales of No 2.

ter Sisters; the Bride of the Wilderness; Dodd Family Aroad, 2d supply; the Drama at Pokerkerville; Bleak House, another supply. The four first are just from the press, and for sale by

J. T. MUNDS.

JOSEPH L. KEEN,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs limited business. He keeps constantly on hand, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Plastering Hair, Philadelphia Press Brick, N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest notice.

[Monday, 20 do. at \$2 506\$ 2 15 \$7 501., as in quanty. No sales of No 2.

TAR—Has been in good enquiry for shipping purposes during the week, and we note an advance of 5610 cents \$9 bbl.
at \$3 25, \$306\$\$\$3.35 \$9 bbl.; last sale on Wednesday at \$3.35.

BRICKS—We note a fair supply of bricks on market, and demand rather limited. Sales on Wednesday of 15,000 market, and 40,000 North River at \$7.50 \$9 M.; town made sell at \$8.50 \$9 M.

Corron—We hear of no transactions for the week, and our quotation is for last week's sales. We note some deput up Stills at the shortest notice.

N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest notice.

[May 20—37-ly]

None on market.

None on market.

Corn Meal.—We know of no receipts since our last review, and we advance our quotations to 95 cents p bushel, from

EMPTY BARRELS-We have no change to note in Spirits Turpentine barrels, and the market for the week has ruled dull. We quote at \$2 40 @ \$2 50 for second hand, and \$2 55 @ \$2 65 for new, as in quality.

FISH-See table for store rates. No Mullets, and much

FLOUR-In the price of Fayetteville brands we note an da vanced a shade, and retail at \$11 @ \$13 Pbbl., as in quality.

Grain—There have been no arrivals of Corn since our last review There is, however, a full supply in dealers hands, and we note a fair demand. The cargo of 1650 bushels on market last week, was closed out at 85 cents P bushel, in lots as wanted. We quote cargo rates at 82 @ 83 cts., as in quality.——Oats—The supply in store is light, and we know of no receipts, there is but a limited demand. See table for retail price—Pras—In the absence of arrivals worthy of note, the supply of Cow Peas has been considerably reduced, and is only sufficient for retail demand.—Last sale from vessel was at \$1 05 P bushel. No sales of Ground Peas that we hear of.—RICE—We have no change to note in either rough or clean. The former is nominal at \$1 P bushel, and small sales made of the latter at 42 cents P b.

cents @ fb.

HAY—The receipts this week have been limited. 139 bales HAY—The receipts this week have been limited. 135 2 100 lbs.

Eastern make arrived yesterday and sold at \$1 35 2 100 lbs.

Fair supply in store, and the demand is limited. See table for last week's quotations of North River.

Lime.—Two cargoes of 1900 casks arrived on Tuesday, and sold on private terms. Full supply in store, and retail—the receipts the r

ing at \$1 25 p cask.

Liquors—Full supply in store, and prices remain as last week reported. See table. LUMBER-River-Has ruled dull for the week, and we

BACON.—121 pieces N C small Bacon, well suited for family use or retailing, for sale by suited for same starting and suited for same starting starti

B. Western cured is in good supply, and we note small sales from store at our quotations, as in quantity and quality.—LARD—N. C. make has arrived slowly, and the supply has been somewhat reduced. We continue former quotations—10 cents in bbls. and 11 cents # lb. in kegs.—For store rates of Pork and Beet, we refer to our table.—BUTTER—Is in better supply, and Northern sells by the keg

at 21 @ 25 cents # lb., as in quality.

POTATOES.—A small lot new crop lrish potatoes, received on Tuesday, and sold at 4 50 # bbl; sell from carts at \$2 #

SALT-There is little or no demand for Salt, and there have been no arrivals for the week. See quotations for stor

price, in lots to suit.

SHINGLES—We note but a limited enquiry for Shingles.—
Small sales this week at \$2 75@\$3 for Common Cypress, and
\$5 50 \$\mathbb{P}\$ M. for Contract.

STAVES—W. O. Bbl. are in good enquiry, and a merchantable article would find ready sale at a high figure.

TIMBER—For the week we note but light arrivals, and the sales do not reach over 15@20 rafts, at extremes ranging within classified figures. There does not appear to be a brisk demand from millers, who have a fair graphy on hand.

demand from millers, who have a fair supply on hand. See table for prices.

FREIGHTS-We note a shade decline in our rates of turpentine and rosin to New York. The supply of barrel fieights offering for coastwise ports continues light, and is barely sufficient for the vessels in port. Lumber freights are also dull in consequence of the number of cargoes which millers have to furnish for vessels already taken up. See table for

NEW-ORLEANS, June 5.—In New-Orleans, on Monday, 4,500 bales of cotton changed hands at previous rates. Middling was worth 8 cents per lb. Flour was higher at \$6 50 per bbl for Ohio. Corn was unchanged. Pork was dull.—Money was easier. Exchange on New York was quoted at \$10 per cent discount. Freights of Cotton to Havre ruled at \$10 per tent below. 12 cents per lb CHARLESTON, June 6.—Cotton—There was a good

demand for this article to-day, the transactions having reached 1300 bales, at firm and full prices. The extremes ranged from 63 to 95c.

Coffee - A cargo of 2200 bags Rio was offered at auction, to-day, 10u bags of which were sold at an average of 10 5-16

BALTIMORE, June 6.—Flour firmer—sales Howard street at \$9 00, City Mills \$8 55. Rye Flour \$5 50, country Corn Meal \$3 50; and City do 0 00@\$4. Wheat—Sales of good to prime white at \$2 15@2 20, and red do at 2@\$2 13, \$2 bush. Corn—sales of white at 75@76c, yellow at 80@81c \$2 bushel. Coffee—Sales of Rio at 10@11c. \$2 55. Rice 4@44c. \$2 55. We quote Mess Pork at 14 00@\$00 00; Prime do \$12 75. Lard—sales at 91@101c. Whiskey—sales in hhds at 28@29 cents, and bbls at 22@30 @ gallon.

NEW YOBK, June 6.-Flour firm-sales of 9,000 bbls. State at \$9 121@\$0 00; sonthern, \$9 50 @ \$9 75. Wheat firm—sales of 8,000 bushels Genesee at \$2 40; red, \$2; white, \$2 20. Corn—sales of 3,000 bushels mixed at 77 cents; yellow, 75 cents. Cotton unchanged Stocks firmer. FAYETTEVILLE, June 5 .- Bacon-Market well supplied. Very little change in prices. Cotton-All good qualities are sought for, for home use. Corn-receipts light; prices firm. Flour-We again advance our quotations;

narket quite animated. NEW YORK, June 2 .- [three previous days]-Naval Stores—Holders of Turpentine are firmer, some orders having been received here by the last steamer—\$3 87\frac{1}{2} was refused pesterday for North County, it being held firmly at \$4 \times 280 b. The crops of the past season is about all here, the high stage of the rivers South, having afforded more than the ordinary facilities for bringing it to market—stock on hand 5 \times 6000 bbls. The new crop cannot reach here in any quantities. tity for some time to come, say six weeks hence. Spirits Turpentine, in consequence of the very small stock here, Turpentine, in consequence of the very small stock here, and that being mostly in the hands of one house, has largely advanced, being held yesterday at 50 cents, cash; and this was refused for a lot of 50 bbls., being only obtainable in retail lots at any price—there is a fair quantity on the way, but the prevalence of head winds has prevented arrivals. Rosin continues in good demand. Shipping Tar is in request, and net plenty, but Thin is lower, being in better appeals are 950 bbls. Spirits Turpenting at 45 in request, and not plenty, but Thin is lower, being in better supply—the sales are 950 bbls. Spirits Turpentine at 45 @ 50 cents, cash, (mostly 45 @ 46); 2700 Wilmington Common Rosin, \$1 67½ @ \$1 70; 200 North County, \$1 60; 3000 low No. 2, \$1 74 @ \$1 89, all delivered; 400 good No. 2, \$2 @ \$2 25, in yard; 900 No. 1. \$2 50 @ \$4 50 @ 280 lb.; 300 small Williamston Tar, \$3 25, in yard, allowance to fill; and 1050 Washington, &c., part shipping, at \$4 @ \$4 25, in order, in yard and delivered.

Rice—We have no change to notice. The demand is moderate, and about 900 tes. have changed hands during the week at \$3 37½ @ \$4 50 cash.

Export, from Jan. 1 to May 31,

Rice......cask, 13,037 STEAMER SPRAY FOR SMITHVILLE & ORTON. will ply between Wilmington and Smithville, STEAMER SPRAY, Capt. JOHN B. PRICE,

landing at Orton, as follows: Leave Wilmington, Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday Mornings, at 9 o'clock.

Leave Smithville, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday
Afternoon, at 3 o'clock, and Monday Morning, at 8 o'clock. Passage One Dollar, Children and Servants half price FREIGHT at customary rates.

Apply to Captain on board, or to March 18, 1854—161-tf—29-tf No. 5 South W.

NEW BOOKS.—Just received;
The Frontiersmen, a Narrative of 1783.
The Rival Beauties or Love and Diplomacy; a Sequal to The Royal Favorite. Forecastle Yarns from a Midshidman's Log. By the late John W Gould, Esq. Mishairlach. By the author of "Three Nights in a Life-

The Road to Ruin. By Edwin P Roberts, author of "The Twin Brothers. Miller and His Men, or The Secret Robbers of Bohemia. By the author of "The Brigand," "Gilderoy," &c. Chamber's Journal for June. No. 524 Little's Living Age.

S W WHITAKER'S. For sale at OUR MOTTO IS "TO PLEASE,"

and Carpet Bags, Satchels, fancy Trunks, &c. Always on hand a large supply of String Leather and Fly Nets, and all other articles usually found in such establishments, all of which he warrants to be of the best material and work-The market opened firm this morning, with sales as above, manship, and will be sold low for cash, or on short credit to

prompt customers.
Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Medical Bags, &c., made to order. Harness and Coach Trimmings sold at a fair price to persons buying to manufacture. Whips at wholesale.
All kinds of Riding Vehicles bought and sold on commission.

JOHN J. CONOLEY.

NEW SASH, BLIND AND DOOR MANUFACTORY. By SEYBERT & DOYLE.

In the Lazarus Building, Wilmington, N. C. BUILDERS, either in town or country, can be furnished with SASH, BLINDS and DOORS, of all descriptions, at prices to suit the times, and at the shortest notice. All orders will be attended to immediately

Also, all kinds of GLAZING done on reasonable terms. April 5th, 1854 VISIT HARRISON'S VS. WHITEHURST'S WILMINGTON GALLERY.

WHAT treasures of art does this little room contain 2-

Whichever way you turn, some immortal creation greet your eye. Here you can linger profitably for hours contemplating the noblest of God's creation—man; here converse silently with the living and the dead, until the withered arm of memory seems again restored and strength ened, and reaches forth its hand to greet those with whom we wore once intimately associated, but now inhabit the gloomy prison house of forgetfulness. Who would die with out leaving so desirable a token of remembrance helpind? out leaving so desirable a token of remembrance behind? Here beauty, with its diversity of expression and features, glows forth from the plate with rapturous divinity, and fascinates the eye, until the heart worships them, not like the inimitable virginly Angels, the sainted Madonna, or the blue-bearded Magdalene, but as the unappreachable Daguer-rectypes of relatives and friends, made by Harrison.

our line, cheaper than any one else in town, and would advise all those who intend papering and renovating their houses for summer, to give us a call and examine our stock of new goods, just received, which consist of the following articles: Paper-Hanging, Borders, fine Screens, Lace and Damask Curtains, Cornice Bands, Pins, Loops, Cords and Tassels; Hair, Moss, Cotton, Wool and Straw Mattrasses; Feather Beds, made to order at the abortest notice. All work done by us we will warrant to be deep in series with work done by us we will warrant to be done in superior stile In the course of a few weeks we will have a steam renovater, for purifying feathers. J. W. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Corner of Market & Third Streets, under Carolina Hotel April 6, 1854.

Music.—Kitty Tyrrell, a new Irish Ballad, just published; My Boyhood Home; Mr. and Mrs. Jenes' discussion on Dress, a Comic Matrimonial Duett; Matrimonial Sweets—the celebrated Comic Duett, sung with great applause by Miss Woodward and Mr. Boynes. Received and for sale by J. T. MUNDS.

GLEASON'S Pictorial Flag of our Union, Arthur's Hon of Gazett, and Saturday Post, for this week, received and J. T. MUNDS.

ROGERS' CUTLERY.—The subscriber is now opening a fine assortment of Rogers' Selected Knives Scissors, &c.; and has made an arrangement by which he will be regularly supplied with his goods, gotten up especially for his retail sales. Those who wish the best in this line will always find them at J. M. ROBINSON'S.

Wilmington, N. C., May 17.

T 25 bbls. Fine and Superfine Fayetteville Flour;
5000 lbs. N C Bacon. For sale by
May 31] TAYLOR & PETTEWAY.

HAVING purchased our entire stock just from the manufactories, we are prepared to offer inducements to COUNTRY MERCHANTS equal to any establishment South of Boston.

JONES & GARDNER. South of Boston. April 7, 1854.

WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1854.

Authorized Agents for the Journal. JAMES M. REDMOND, Tarboro', Edgecombe co., N. C. Josiah Johnson, Clinton, Sampson county. JOSEPH R. KEMP, Bladen county. JAMES H. MEREDITH, Gravelly Hill, Bladen co. B. BARNES, Black Creek, Wayne county. LEWIS JONES, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoir county.

" The Cape Fear Bar." Under the above heading, the last Fayetteville Observer contains an article which appears well calculated to excite a feeling or hostility to this place. It indirectly charges upon the Convention here a hos tility to Fayetteville and the Western Railroad from that place, because it was not expressly named in the report of the Committee appointed at a meeting here to present facts for the consideration of the Convention. The same charge of hostili'y might be made by the Wilmington & Raleigh and Wilmington & Manchester Railroads, neither of which are named. In fact no Railroad is expressly named. It is stated in the report that the State has devised, and is now carrying on, a system of internal improvements by Railroads and Plankroads, and by the improvement of her rivers. The Deep River is only incidentally alluded to. from the fact that the coal and iron mines are on its banks, as it were-that they are going into operation, and that it is shortly expected to. It is difficult to see how even jealousy itself could make or find any reasonable cause of complaint here. The Committee were very far from wishing to afford such cause; in fact they were truly anxious to avoid it. But there is no denying the ingenuity of the Observer. That

paper says: " In a great Cape Fear Convention, to which Delegates from Fayetteville were invited, (and would have been present in large force but for a lamentable accident,) not even a kind word is spoken for the Western Rail Road, though other works are enumerated; and immediately afterwards a meeting is held to adopt measures for reaching the West by another route, and thus to give Fayetteville the go-by."

Now other works were not enumerated as any one who takes the trouble to read the report will see. As for a connection with the West, and giving Fayetteville the "go-by," all we can say is that the people of Wilmington have responded to an invitaion of their fellow citizens of Charlotte, who have asked them to meet in Convention to take into consideration the proper means of uniting the East and the West by a direct route. Wilmington is desirous of a connection with the West Charlotte has come forward to push her connection with the East at Wilmington. Would Wilmington have done right to have turned a deaf ear to the proposal. Fayetteville has made no such proposal. At the general meeting of the Stockhol ters of the Fayetteville and Western Railroad last year, no such proposal was made, nor did the committee from this place find any encouragement to urge a connection with this place.

As a further matter of information, we would ask whether a meeting has not been had between the President of the Fayetteville and Western Road and the President of the North Eastern Railroad, having in view a connection of these roads?

No persons can be more truly desirous of a connection, as well as a kindly co-operation between the citizens of Fayetteville and Wilmington, than the Editors of this paper. We have advocated it before and will advocate it again .down gentlemen to represent her wishes for a Connection, by a railroad. Fayetteville stands off and

ment of her resources, in every proper and constitu- non comeatibus. tional manner, we have endeavored to keep the questo promote the extension of the spirit which so happily prevailed in the Convention held here last week. direct communication with a North Carolina port, and which, on the other hand, has prompted our citizens warmly to respond to the call made upon them ed comparatively silent upon the subject of politics, although feeling as deep an interest therein as any men in the State; but, in good truth, our zeal in behalf of an improvement of our Bar, and of a western connection, and other works of the kind, is no political hobby-no electioneering clap-trap, to be used for the purpose of making capital for one party, or of taking it from another. The names of the candidates for Governor have hardly appeared in our columns pending the progress of these matters. But we regret o say that the conduct of our Whig cotemporaries has been so different. We regret exceedingly indeed to see the little fling at Mr. Ashe, in the Herald of last Friday morning, based upon the presentation of the resolutions of the Wilmington Convention, which, it seems, were received in the Senate without objection, and were objected to in the House. While our Representative is trying, to the best of his ability, to promote our interests in this matter, a comparison intended to be depreciatory of his standing and influence, might well have been spared by a member of a The Herald ought to have known the diffeif nothing else, might have taught that paper this tion called by authority of law in some State. The precise position of our Appropriation Bill in the House, ought to have dictated a different course, and shown the inappropriateness of sneers, open or covert, against the advocates of our interests. friends nor benefit ourselves. We sincerely trust that sideration. wiser counsels will hereafter prevail. We neither pretend to lee ure nor to dictate, but offer these remarks for what they are worth.

We truly and sincerely believe that all parties, or at least, citizens of the State, of all parties, are earnestly desirous of doing everything to bring her out and give her a chance among her sister States-to open up avenues to market-to stimulate production, and to build up markets for these productions within her own borders. We circulate a good many papers in the strongest Democra ic section of the State-a larger number in that section, we believe, than any other paper of any party; we have always gone fairly and fully for works of Internal Improvement of a State character, while we have opposed chimeras of all sorts, and yet we believe our orthodox Democracy has seldom, if ever, been called in question. Such has been the course of the Raleigh Standard and other leading Democratic papers. In good truth, the cause of Internal Improvements in the Legislature, must hereafter depend upon the character of the works themselves, and upon the prudential considerations which may be urged for or against them. How far the State is to assist such works must depend upon their advantages to the State, or rather upon the all such movements should be taken prudently and cautiously, in view of all the circumstances of the case, few, if any, will deny, and none will be sustained in such denial. Such, we believe, is the posi tion of the people of the State. Such is the position

That no good can come of mingling politics with this subject-of exciting political and sectional pre- that the Democrats of Indiana will approve of the judices in connection with it, all must see. It can principle of the act extending the laws of the United but operate injuriously. If our cotemporaries of the States over the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas; Whig press are sincere in the matter-if they can that they concur in the opinion that it is not properly view anything through an undistorting medium- within the jurisdiction of Congress to determine the they will see this; and, seeing it, cannot fail also to see how unpatriotic and imprudent their course has been since the commencement of the present canvass contrary, that the people possess the right and power how unpatriotic it now is. As for their future to adopt such principles as best suit their views and course, it is for themselves to choose. We are pre | wants; that they are distinctly opposed to the Claypared to meet them in any way they may elect, but | ton amendment. upon them be the responsibility.

at the Adams House in Boston, on Friday evening of

Later from Europe .- Arrival of the Arctle. We received the following Telegraphic dispatch from Washington, on last Friday morning. The Arctic brings Liverpool dates to the 17th ult. .

WASHINGTON CITY, June 2nd. VIENA, May 20th .- A government messenger reached Galatz on May 11th, with reliable intelligence that Sebastapol had been bombarded for four

lays by the allied fleets. BUCHAREST, May 15 .- The English steamer Tiwent to her relief and bombarded the Russian works, zens; but with little effect.

Further European News. New York, June 1, 4-52 P. M. The British and North American Royal Mail steam ship Asia, Capt. E. G. LOTT, arrived off Sandy Hook

on Thursday afternoon. struck on the Tuskar rock off the coast of Wexford. Ireland, on the morning of the 18th ult., and was compelled to return to Liverpool, which port she had left for New York on the previous day. She was. however, but slightly damaged, and when the Asia she would be ready for sea in about a week.

ship Arabia, Capt. C. H. E. Judkins arrived at Liverpool on the 20th ult.

General Intelligence. sent a special messenger in the Asia, and it is stated gations. that Spain has peremptorily refused all reparation in respect to the Black Warrior affair, with the excep-

It is reported that the Vienna Conference will be renewed for the purpose of forming a basis for an Austrian, Prussian and Anglo-French alliance.

Austria's position is decidedly hostile to Russia, and she has called out 100,000 men to defend her frontier against the Russians. The Cologne Gazette states that the Emperor of

Russia had suffered a relapse of his illness. The inhabitants of St. Petersburg had been obliged to find quarters for the troops, and there were 20,000 Cossacks in the environs of the city.

It is asserted that the Russian Government had insured the Greek Government a subvention of one million of drachmas per month, and that the Greek Government had granted letters of marque to the pirates who at present infest the Levant.

The Russian fleet has left Helsingfors for the pur-pose of joining the fleet at Kronstadt. Admiral Napier, however, was laying with his fleet about twenty-five miles from Kronstadt, in order to intercept

The Turkish fleet had entered the Black Sea, with the intention of destroying all the Russian possessions on the Circassian coast. The plan of the campaign

s said to be to invade Russia Proper. The Turks have gained two victories on the Danube Marshal Paskiewitch is endeavoring to turn the seat of war towards the banks of the Sereth and the

IS NOT REVEREND AND DON'T WANT TO BE .- The Editor of the Raleigh Star, don't like the title of Rev. prefixed to his name in the official proceedings of the Wilmington Convention, as published in our paper. But what is Wilmington to do? Charlotte sends He must whip the Secretaries-it's all their fult. They knew there was a Rev. Mr. Doub, and forthtalks of any other connection. This is the exact state | with concluded, from the gentleman's age and venerable appearance, that he was the man.

At this period in the history of the State, when the to us while in town, we regret that he did not and manifestation as we propose may be termed sectional: Well efforts of all good and true men of both parties are, or that we were ignorant of his being about until Friday Actions speak louder than words. Boston may redeem What are the Northern Whigs now doing should be, given to her elevation and the develop- afternoon and then when we went to hunt him he was herself by anihilating the gang of assassins and rebels sectionally for the purpose of violating the constitu-

By the way Mr. Dunn, of the Goldsboro Telegraph, tion of improvements—internal or otherwise—out of atte dance, and they are very clever men. Mr. Wil- would have been followed to his grave by a great tion to devise ways and means to protect the Constithe arena of politics. For weeks past, while labo- liamson remained over a short time, on account of ring zealously and to the best of our humble abilities, the interest he felt in the projected Railroad between have availed themselves of the opportunity to exhibit Charlotte and this place.

and which prompts the people of the West to seek a to have arrived when the whig party at the South, is bound to cut loose from all connection with its Northern party associates. It can hold together no longer without total ruin to itself at home. It is true Messrs. Rogers and Puryear, of this State, chose to go over to in behalf of such a communication, we have remain- the North; but they have no future. Mr. Rogers can never go to Congress again; nor can Col. Puryear either. It is true, also, that that dim reflex of the now thoroughly repudiated National Intelligencer, known as the Raleigh Register-true to its sycophantic instincts-puffs Mr. Badger and Mr. Kerr because they went for the Nebraska Bill, and all but puffs Rogers and Puryear because they went against it. But these things begin to be pretty fully understood, and the ambi-dextrous course of such presses and politicians fully appreciated, and their influence affected accordingly; and, while they and General Dockery, their candidate for Governor, are attacking the President of the United States and the Democratc party for affiliation with free-soilism, the more able and honest presses of their own party, such as the Petersburg Intelligencer, freely admit that recent events show conclusively that the Whig party, as a national party, is totally and finally dissolved. It is not any longer in existence. See the article we copy to-day from the Intelligencer.

In the House of Representatives, on Monday Convention, which, within a week past, tendered its last, Mr. Ashe, of N. C., presented the resolutions of acknowledgments for his persevering services and the Convention recently held in Wilmington. Their reception was objected to by Mr. Jones, of Tennes rence between the Senate and the House. The late see, on the ground that the Resolutions did not come course of things upon the Nebraska and other bills, from the Legislature of a State, nor from a Conven-

Mr. Ashe explained that they were passed by Convention representing a majority of the people of North Carolina. That he received them from the These sneers can neither strengthen the hands of our that they should be presented to the House for con-

> Mr. Jones refused to withdraw his objection. Mr. invariably comes from her daughter, Tennessee.

In the House, on the 31st ult., Mr. Fuller, from the er : referred to the Committee of the Whole. It will courage and united strength. be called up at the proper time, we suppose, and pass upon its own merits. It was hardly hoped that the age of the Nebraska bill, says: Committee on Commerce would report favorably upon

pects certain to fail. know no more than the man in the moon. We hope, genius-which have made its population among the belief in such advantages impressed upon the minds and our hope is founded upon the strength of our most steady and intelligent in the country. From of the members of the Legislature, taken in connec- claims and the Constitutionality of the work, as well the great States of the North-from Pennsylvania, tion with the available resources of the State. That as the carnestness of the people of the State upon the the key of the arch—the tide of emigration will

CINCINNATI, May 26 .- The Indiana State Demoeratic Convention assembled at Indianapolis, on Wedwere adopted, by a vote of 421 to 13, setting forth the abolitionists lose, the people gain."

Resolutions were also adopted, endorsing the ad-Luke West, of Peel's "Campbell Minstrels," died ministration; complimenting Senator Douglas, and repudiating the Prohibitory Liquid Liq

A GEOLOGIST STUMPED .-- An old bachelor geololast week. He was a "fellow of infinite jest," the very nigger of niggers on the stage, but we believe him as the alphabet. A lady, who was present devery much of a white man off the stage. We have often laughed at his strange doings at our beautiful theatre. "Alas poor Yorick!"

Theatre. "Alas poor Yorick!"

The stage is a stage in the stage is a stage in the stage. We have often laughed at his strange doings at our beautiful the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the law of the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the law of the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the law of the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the law of the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the slave stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the law of the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the cradle, sir," replied the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the slave power a stage." It is rock the slave power, and predicting a war with Spain for the stage. "It is rock the slave power as a slave stage." It is rock the slave power as a slave stage. "It is rock the slave power as a slave stage." It is rock the slave power as a slave stage. "It is rock the slave power as a slave stage." It is rock the slave power as a slave stage. "It is rock the slave p

From the Washington Union. By the President of the United States. A Proclamation.

island of Cuba;

And whereas the said undertaking is contrary to he spirit and express stipulations of treaties between the United States and Spain, derogatory to the charger, of 16 guns, had stranded close to Odessa and has acter of this nation, and in violation of the obvious been captured by the Russians. Two other steamers duties and obligations of faithful and patriotic citi-

And whereas it is the duty of the constituted authorities of the United States to hold and maintain the control of the great question of peace or war, and not suffer the same to be lawlessly complicated, under any pretense whatever :

And whereas, to the end, all private enterprises of a hostile character within the United States, against The U. S. mail steam ship Arctic, Capt. J. C. Luce, any foreign power with which the United States are at peace, are forbidden, and declared to be a high misdemeanor by an express act of Congress:

Now, therefore, in virtue of the authority vested by the constitution in the President of the United States, I do issue this proclamation to warn all perleft, on the 20th ult., it was considered probable that sons that the general government claims it as a right and duty to interpose itself for the honor of its flag. The British and North American Royal mail steam the rights of its citizens, the national security, and the preservation of the public tranquility, from whatever quarter menaced; and it will not fail to prosecute with due energy all those who, unmindful of The difficulty between Spain and the United States their own and their country's fame, presume thus to s exciting much attention in Europe. Mr. Soule has disregard the laws of the land and our treaty obli-

I earnestly exhort all good citizens to discountenance and prevent any movement in conflict with tion of remitting the fine. The London Times says law and national faith; especially charging the sevthat war is inevitable between Spain and the United eral district attorneys, collectors, and other officers of the United States, civil or military, having lawful power in the premises, to exert the same for the purpose of maintaining the authority and preserving the peace of the United States.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States, at Washington, the thirty-first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thou-[SEAL.] sand eight hundred and fifty-four, and the United States. FRANKLIN PIERCE.

By the President: W. L. MARCY, Secretary of State.

Philanthropy and Patriotism in Boston. as it disposes of its subject, has a peculiar significance. We republish it:

The funeral of James Batchelder, the United States officer who was killed in the slave riot, took place from Charleston, Sunday afternoon. There were but few persons present except ediate friends of the family.

What a commentary is that upon the false humanity either open, or concealed, is so wide spread in that South. Although the Whigs at the South may nevcity! Suppose the runaway had been killed instead or be able to elect a Whig of their choice to the Presfuneral procession would have been attended by States in the way of Northern aggression, while it been exalted into martyrs. But when a worthy cit-tisland of the ocean. The true and best mode of reizens, an officer of the law, dies in the performance sisting Northern aggression is to foster and develop of his duty to his country, a death than which none by all possible expedients our own vast and incalcucan be more honorable and glorious in the sight of lable resources. Build up New Orleans, Mobile, God and man, he is left to be shovelled into the earth | Charleston, Savannah and Norfolk, and in turn they like a dog, with no demonstations of public respect, will build up the interior cities and towns and place and with scarce a human being to follow him to his the South in a condition to laugh to scorn the threats We wish friend Doub had "personally appeared" grave, save the members of his own humble house- of the Abolitionists. The holding of such a Convenmanity and patriotism prevailing in the city of Boston. let it be so. It is sectional and meant to be so .wto are now in arms against the law; but if her tion. Look at their votes on the Nebraska bill, and heart had been in the right place, the officer of the then see if it will lay in their mouths to rebuke the United States, who fell in the discharge of his duty, Whigs of the South for holding a sectional Convenmultitude of the "solid men of Boston," who would tution from their own ruthless assaults. their respect for the law, their hatred of treason, and their humane sympathies with a man deserving of THE FINAL BREAK-UP.—At last the time seems sympathy, and who died in the discharge of his duty. [Richmond Dispatch.

> The President and the Nebraska Bill. The Salem (Mass.) People's Advocate pays the following eloquent and beautiful compliment to the stand taken by President Pierce in favor of the Ne-

braska Bill: "It is no insignificant matter to be able to record the triumph which the friends of democratic principles, the advocates of State rights, the defenders of he constitution, the administration of Gen. Pierce as an exponent of these great foundations of our Union, have achieved by the passage of the Nebraska bill in thing but the Will of the People. the House of Representatives. But few times in this generation has such a struggle been witnessed. The Union has groaned in the spirit, and has shaken to nity, courage and coolness, on the part of the victorious supporters of the great principles of our popular tration stepped forward, bearing aloft the doctrines emocrat the passage of this bill is not only the establishment of his principle in the great policy of our Boston and New York. country, but it is a declaration, in tones that carry confusion to our enemies, that the administration of ry lover of his country compare the fairness and de- city: cision which have marked the course of the adminisserters flying in every direction on the very eve of loon's pocket. victory. Now an energetic, determined, undaunted Committee on Commerce, made an adverse report on stand has achieved an administration victory, and has ty, with sixteen men, and has not been heard of since the Bill for the improvement of the Cape Fear Riv- inspired the host enrolled beneath its banner, with be started. It is not known what Indians they were.

The Washington Union, exulting over the pass-

"The men who go to the new territories will come from all regions of the Union. The South, which any independent bill, as the members of that Committee go for a general bill. Its incorporation into a gene- the integrity and the soil of that Union, will send ral bill would be its death, as no such bill likely to be freely of her young and ardent sons to the new field passed would receive the President's signature; so about to be opened to enterprise. The Northwest that an adverse report, so it be separate is better has her thousands waiting to go forward, and to rethan the most favorable one, if conbined with pros- new there those scenes of frontier life which have made that quarter of the country one great empire-What may be the fate of the Bill eventually, we the seat of commerce, of the arts, and of mechanical steadily move on. Thus has the excitement against Nebraska, started to dishonor the American name. ended by arousing our countrymen to the value of the new regions soon to be organized, and in 'crushing out' the last, and, let us hope, futile efforts of the nesday, and nominated State officers. Resolutions fanatics of the day. Truly may it be said, that when

Heavy Fallure-Great Excitement. NEW ORLEANS, May 28 .- Much excitement prerails here in consequence of the failure of Messrs. could not follow. Wright, Williams & Co., extensive cotton factors. Also, the house of Moses Greenwood & Co, forwarliams & Co., are believed to be nearly or quite two human cerebellums, was quite exhilirating. millions of dollars. They had extensive business

Horrible Accident. WILMINGTON, Del,. May 31.-Three powder exploded here to-day, killing seven men and fifteen

horses. The New York Hards in Congress have issued an

The Whig Party. To any one of the slightest observation it must be very apparent that what was once known as the osophical and practical moral.

Whig party has ceased to exist. The name now Whereas information has been received that sun-dry persons, citizens of the United States, and others a national sense of the word. The so-called Whigs esiding therein, are engaged in organizing and fit of the North have not one feeling in common with ting out a military expedition for the invasion of the the Whigs of the South, and it is idle for sections so antagonistic to attempt to unite in electing a candidate for the Presidency. These facts have much against our will been forced upon us by the action of the Whigs of the North. For a time there were some who held out, or seemed to hold out, against the fanatical attempts upon the Union made by its enemies, the Abolitionists; but these at last have been carried off by "the heady current" of Free Soilism, and now the South has not one friend among the influential Whigs of the North, except Millard Fillmore, upon whom she could rely for aid and support in maintaining her Constitutional rights. This s a melancholy statement, the truth of which cannot even be doubted. People may wish it were otherwise, but fire and water will as soon harmonize as Southern Whigs and Northern Free Soilers. The Northern Whigs have not only deserted the Whigs of the South, but have added insult to injury.— Their tone is that of superior to inferior. Their language is, "Gentleman of the South, you want too much, and we cannot yield it to your demands. As ong as you were content with what we were willing to concede to you it was all very wel!, but now that you have set up for yourselves it is quite another thing." Such language pre supposes as vassalage on the part of the South which, as a Southern man, we indignantly deny and repel. We beg nothing at the side of the Redeemer, there is a coffin; on it is the hands of the North, but demand, and will in the end compel, a respect for our Constitutional rights.

The Southern Whigs having thus been deserted by he hypocrites of the North, who so long played a able game with us, the question will necessarily arise as to what is our true policy. In the absence of something which we cannot now rationally expect, we cannot believe that the Whigs of the South will consent to be represented in a so-called Whig National Convention. To go into such a body would be to place their throats at the points of the knives of the Free Soil butchers It would be an endorse ment of treachery, and a vile submission to multiseventy-eighth of the independence of the plied wrongs and insults. Should this view of the subject be taken by Southern Whigs generally, as we sincerely hope it may, it will then be necessary to take some other action. We sincerely wish that the suggestion we are about to make had come com mended to the party by more age, experience and pothe city of Boston, with which the Northern journals may be, our advice is the prompting of a heart de. starve? teem, there is one small paragraph, which, summarily voted to a cause for which we have privately and publicly struggled for the last seventeen years, and

which we will never abandon. We throw out then for the consideration of our Southern Whig brethren, the suggestion of holding a Southern Whig Convention, in some central point of the South-say Columbus, Geo., for instance-eiwhich is making such a stir in Boston! What an ther during the coming autum or in the next spring. Illustration of the treason to the Constitution, which, to consider the policy and duty of the Whigs at the of Batchelder, -suppose any of the rioters had fallen, idency, they can exercise an influence most potential housands, and the rebels and disorganizers, whose would throw open to Southern enterprise and Southdeath was the result of their own crime, would have ern cities, the trade of the most fertile and beautiful

> Petersburg Intelligencer. Gen. Dockery pretends that a Convetion is the safest mode of amending the Constitution, and that there would be no danger to the East. To test the truth

> of his declaration, read the solemn resolve of the Western members of the Legislature of 1851, on the subject of a change in the basis. THE ONLY PROPER REPUBLICAN MODE OF AMEND. ING OR ALTERING THE CONSTITUTION IS BY THE PEO-

PLE THEMSELVES IN CONVENTION ASSEMBLED. Upon that Platform we will stand; and if we fall, it will be in advocating THE RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE.

Suffrage, or a Free Convention, unrestricted by any of thought in the briefest space; he excells in para We have chosen to support a FREE CONVENTION.

Western Address, 1851. its very centre under similar trials, but this last great been incorporated by the Legislature of Massachuvictory has crowned them all. Never in our history setts, under the name of the "Emigrant Aid Society." government than this. A bold, unwavering adminis- Kansas territory, giving the advantage of the reducdom glowing in the Constitution, to a victory worthy time to settle themselves. To send out and set breadth of views and comprehensiveness and liberalof those days when Jefferson led his host against the in operation steam saw-mills, grist-mills, and such ity of action, and, he might venture to say, in reli-

ENCOUNTER WITH INDIANS .- We are furnished with Gen. Pierce is "founded on a rock," and that the the following extract of a letter from Corpus Christi, and the violence and animosity that pervade its col-'gntes of hell shall not prevail against it." Let eve- under date May 10, received by a gentleman in this

" Since I commenced writing Lieut. Cosby, of the Governor of the State, accompanied by a request tration in the present struggle with the halting and Rifles, has come in wounded. He attacked, with equivocation, and doubt, and fear, and indecision ten men, a party of about forty Indians, near Lake which ruled the minds of the party in power during Trinidad, forty-five miles from this place; lost his in the world. It is a land, for example, where cleanthe memorable trial in 1850. Then a distracting, sergeant, two men, and escaped himself almost miling house, washing day, and all other such interest-Badger presented the same in the Senate on the 31st hesitating, timid, unpatriotic party, thrown into pow- raculously. He is wounded by an arrow above the ing epochs in the American calendar, are intolerable We mark it as a striking fact that the bitterest op- er by an accident, followed a feeble administration in elbow, but was shot by four arrows in his clothes, and unknown. This exemption from the great doposition to anything for North Carolina in Congress a contest where its own weakness filled the hearts of and the head of an arrow he found to-day broken off mestic evil of cleaning house is owing not so much its followers with terror so great that not even the in his pocket book, it having penetrated between the to a love of dirt as to the peculiar construction of the voice of their greatest captain could call back the de. clasps. He carried the portmonnaie in his panta- buildings. Thus for instance where the ceilings and

> "Lieut. Roger Jones is in pursuit of the same par-This is the third event involving life taken by Indians within a few days. An order making a strong es. The carpets there are fastened to rings in the move against the enemy may be hourly expected."

Union.

DEATH OF LOBO, THE CHIEF WHO KILLED THE WHITE PARTY IN 1849 .- We have had the privilege of making an extract from a private letter from an officer in the army, which gives some additional items in regard to the late Indian fight in New Mexico. The letter dates from Fort Union, April 1st, and

"With twenty-five dragoons and two chums, we started; the dragoons to look after Indians, and my. self and one of my companions as amateurs and hun. The fourth day out, we found about forty savages, Apaches, dressed in war tog, armed with rifles. bows and arrows, and lances. We had a long parley. After considerable talk, and no result, we gave them our ultimatum. They refused our proposition, when the chief threw himself in the centre of his men .-They were formed in a semi-circle in front of uspitched into them, and a running fight for fifteen mi-

"There was a very deep canon hidden by cedar, near the talk ground, which we knew nothing of, and down which the Indians made their way on foot, abandoning their horses, and where the dragoons

"They fought running, after the first charge which they received, and never gave up as long as they ding merchants. Other cotton houses are expected could draw a bow or fire a rifle. Our men had reto follow. The liabilities of Messrs. Wright, Wil- volvers, and the way bullets and arrows flew about We killed five Indians and wounded numbers .-

connections in the North and in England, who it is feared, will also suffer.

Among the former was 'Loho,' the chief who destroyed the mail party in 1850, and killed the White party in 1849, and carried off Mrs. White. She was afterwards killed by the Indians when attacked St. Joseph (Mo.) Cycle.

> The Nebraska Bill a Law On the 30th ult., the President affixed his signature

are from the Portuguese, and convey a sound, phil-

One man alone, in lucky hour,
(As then he thought,) escaped the rain.
It chanced amid the springing wheat
He stood, the fair fields gazing over; He saw black clouds above him meet-Ran fast, and got him unner cover.

Next day the madman scorned the wise; One struck him fillips on the nose— One poked his fingers at his eyes— One gave him kicks, another blows— One laughing cried, "That idiot see!" Our martyr, now completely fretted, Exclaimed, "No peace remains to me, Till I, too, like the rest, am wetted!"

A pool, made by the rain, he found— Bath'd and was cured of common sense. The neighbors ran, flew, rush'd around, To greet him with due deference— Some bowing low, some, flattering loud, Some gifts with eager kindness handing, He marched off with the joyous crowd, Now matched with them in understanding.

Death of Daniel O'Connel.

"DANIEL O'CONNELL."

Whence came he so far from the green valleys, and the streams that sounded to him like the voices of the streams that sounded to him like the voices of eternity, and the foam which breaks on the cliffs, and which the child might run after and catch, and the beagles, who remembering their old master, might have looked in his face with kindness, before his hand grew cold? He had seen that would come to pass; had seen the famine fall upon the land, he knew that a day of desolation was at hand, and that his people were doomed to perish, and that it was not the cliffs, and Middling Uplands at 5d. The Middling orleans, 5½d.; Fair Uplands 6½d; and Middling Uplands at 5d. The Middling and Lower grades had declined from 1.16. a 1.8d.

Flour had advanced from 1s 6d a 2s 6d per bbl. Western Canal was worth 41s and Ohio 42s per bbl of 196 lbs. White Wheat commanded 13s and Red 12s 4d per 70 bbls. Corn advanced from 1s 6d a 2s, and Yellow was quoted at 41s 6d and White 42s per 480 lbs. Lard had declined, and was worth 50s per cwt. Beef was active, and fine qualities advanced 5s per cwt. Pork and Bacon were active. for him to save them.

"Must he sit down amongst the dying? Hear them speak in broken utterance of the beauty of the land in which they have drained the cup of bitterness Among the crowded columns of intelligence from sition than we can boast of. Humble however as we to the dregs, and the fulness of the soil on which they

"There was a time when he could have borne up, with a brave heart, against it all. But that time is with the past. The snow has fallen for the six and seventieth winter on his path-his tread is feeble. and the brain is failing. So he looks on his native mountains for the last time-pats the favorite beagle on the head-and goes forth into foreign lands, sorrowful as Hagar in the wilderness of Bersabee, turning aside from the child whom she has left under a palm tree, so that she might not see him die.

"Let us leave the chamber of death. On the mor dispute. Meeting each other in the street-on the \$16. highway—outside of the church gate—in the lobby of the Senate chamber—men place their fingers to of the Senate chamber-men place their fingers to their lips, and pointing to the dim aisle of St. Lorenzo, where that heavy coffin lies, they say: "Peace to him! He was one of the mighty sons

of earth-he was the ruler of his tribe-peace be to

A Clergyman's Opinion of the Newspaper Press. The Rev. Mr. Bacon, in a sermon on Sunday evening, at the Church of the Messiah, Philadelphia. pronounced the newspaper as second only to the Bible in a representative government, as a moral With its twenty-five millions of paper issued annually, it penetrates every house and reaches every reader. If the preacher, with his hundreds of hearers, has a commanding influence for good upon his congregation, moulding their morals and enlighthis congregation, moulding their morals and enlightening their understanding, how much greater must be the influence and responsibility of the press, which talks daily to its fifty or an hundred thousand readers? It is a good sign to see the preacher recognising the importance of the secular press, and taking liberal views of its usefulness, and the purposes which it subserves in promoting the great work of civilization, and of human rights and happiness. The following remarks from the sermon are appro-

priate and just : The newspapers, quite as much as our public schools, is in America the great creator of a nation neighborhood. of debaters and thinkers. The American editor aims not at the choice diction of an essayist, and pays little attention to mere abstractions and vain theories. The issue then, has been fairly presented: Free He writes as if he would give the greatest quantity graphs, which are like the sharp shooting of riflemen -his heavy artillery he reserves for occasional edito rials, but he seldom plies the cannon where a bulle will do the work. But, as a characteristic of ou people, he is ever ready to lay aside his editorial mathas a political contest been conducted with more digIts capital is \$5,000,000, in shares of \$100, and its deeds. His language possesses a clear and concise object is to contract forthwith with the transporta- utterance. Every writer and public speaker might tion lines for the conveyance of 20,000 emigrants to find a model of style in the productions of the Ameri-

ed fares to the emigrants. To erect immediately a The pupil must first labor to effect an improvement of the Baltimore platform, the patriotic words of the President's Inaugural, and the spirit of human free-emigrants may be accommodated until they have newspapers were far behind the secular press, in heresies of federalism, and Jackson swept on over a necessaries of civilization as require capital, with the gion itself. They take most of their news from the prostrate bank and a routed oligarchy. To every apparatus for a weekly newspaper. Books of sub- daily press, and even their reports of religious meetscription to the capital stock have been opened in ings-while it is not unfrequently for them to turn around and charge the reporters with irreligion. The religious press is too often narrow-minded; it does not seem to understand its true policy and duties ; umns are even worse than that of political editors on the eve of an election.

A HAPPY LAND .- A writer from Florence says that in some respects Italy is the most delightful country wall are frescoed, or the latter covered with silk or paper hangings, there is no need of white washing and where the pannels or doors are of marble or oak there is no necessity for scouring paint. The ceilings and walls are kept clean by long handled brushfloor, by means of large hooks in the binding, and thus can be raised and laid down again as noiselessly and as easily as bed covers. In Italy, a large portion of the house work, such as washing windows, &c., is done at an early hour in the morning, before the family are awake for the day; and so quietly is it accomplished that to a stranger it seems as if the invisible wand of some mighty magician had changed all in the night.

Brandy applications are recommended by a western paper for baldness, continued externally until the hair is well started, and afterwards taken in generous quantities internally, to clinch the roots

MARRIED On Little River, S. C., on the 18th May, by Rev. Daniel McDonald, Mr. Thos. W. Gore, to Miss Emily Bellamy, all of Little River, all Saints.

In this town, on the 1st inst., ELIZABETH, only daughter of Zebulon and Elizabeth Latimer, aged 4 years and 7

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA

ARRIVED.

June 1—schr Ellen Randall, Johnson, from Little River, S. C., to DeRossett & Brown; with naval stores.

Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A H VauBokkelen. steamer Sun, Rush, from Fayetteville, to Jos J Lippitt; with 3 bags dried fruit, 2 bales wool, 12 do. yarn, 288 bbls. flour. June 2-Schr. Echo, Potter, from New York, io J H Flanner.

iance, Berry, for Fayetteville, by A H VanBokkesteamer Carolina, Coxetter, for Charleston, by Rankin &

Martin.

2—schr Capt John, Tinker, for Boston, by J & D McRae & Co.; with 100 bbls rosin, 80,0 2 feet lumber.

steamer Sun, Rush, for Fayetteville, by Jos J Lippitt.

steamer Henrietta, Allen, for Elizabethtown, by Wessel & Eilers.

Eilers. steamer Sun, Rush, for Fayetteville, by Jos J Lippitt.
steamer Henrietta, Allen, for Elizabethtown, by Wessel &
Eilers.
sehr Comet, Lincoln, for Boston, by J H Chadbourn & Co.
schr Regulator, Eldridge, for Newburyport, Mass, by J C

WANTED. -50,000 lbs. Rags, for which we will pay the highest prices, in each or trade.
UTLEY & ALDERMAN

A QUAINT AND CURIOUS TRIAD OF VERSES.—They are from the Portuguese, and convey a sound, philosophical and practical moral.

The Rain that Caused Insanity.

Once one May morning fell a shower—
All whom it wetted turned insane;

All whom it wetted turned insane; Brown, with naval stores, etc.
Schr Ellen Randall, Johnson, for Little River, S. C., by DeRos set 4 Brown.

brig Delmont Locke, Parks, for Boston, by Kidder &
Martin; with 125,000 feet lumber.

steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville; by A. H. Van.

FAYETTEVILLE, June 1.—Bacon 9‡ @ 10; Becswar 24@25; Coffee—Rio 13@14, Laguira 14@00, St. Domingo 00@00; Cotton—Fair to good 8½@8‡, Ordinary to mid. 8 @8‡; Feathers 40@45; Flour—superfine \$7 15@7 25, Fine \$00@7 00, scratched \$-@6 75; Grain—Corn \$1 10@1 15, Wheat \$0 00@0 00, Oats 60@00, Peas \$1 10@1 15, Rye \$1 10 @1 15; Hides—dry 10@11, green 4@5; Lard 10@11; Molasses—Cuba 25@26. New Orleans 37½@40; Salt—Liverpool, (sack.) \$1 75@2 00; Alum, (bu.) 00@00.

Cotton—All good grades in demand and sought for. Flour—Quite firm, without any material change.

Corn—Receipts light, with slight upward tendency.

Virgin dip Turpentine 2 75, yellow dip \$2, hard 1 10.—Spirits 35.

NEW YORK, May 31 .- [three previous days .- Nava] Stores—Turpentine continues very quiet, and we have no sales to notice—stock 7 @ 8000 bbis., and receipts very light. Spirits Turpentine has been in rather better request, but the By THOMAS MEAGHER.

"Over the waters of the Mediterranean the death bell is tolling. In Genoa, in the Gothic aisle of the Cathedral of St. Lorenzo, in the Treasury of which the visitor is shown the dish which held the Paschal Lamb at the Last Supper, and the vessel in which Joseph of Aramathea received the blood flowing from the side of the Redeemer, there is a coffin; on it is the name of

"Over the waters of the Mediterranean the death save been to a fair extent, and receivers incline to sell from the wharf. We have no change to notice in Rosins. Tar is in better supply, and the stock is accumulating. We note sales of 550 bbls. North County Common Rosin at \$1 55; 3700 Wilmington, \$1 67½ @ \$1 70 \$310 fb.; 1000 @ 1500 extra heavy New-Berne, \$1 75 \$9 310 fb.; 150 Thin Tar, \$4 25, all delivered; 400 No. 2 Rosin, \$1 90 @ \$2 25; 200 White, \$4 50 \$9 280 fb.; 600 Spirits Turpentine, 46 cents, Rice—The sales since our last reach 400 tes. at \$3 50 @ \$4 50, cash.

\$4 50, cash. NEW YORK, May 31.—Flour firm—sales of 4,000 bbls "Whence came the old man to die in the land of the myrtle and the vine, away from those mountains he had loved, and where he said his grave should be? White, \$2 24. Corn—sales of 35,000 bushels mixed at 72 white, \$2 24. Corn—sales of 35,000 bushels mixed at 72 cents; yellow, 79 cents. Cotton unchanged Stocks firmer.

European Markets per Steamer Asia.

were active.

Millighan's Circular:—The Circular of Messrs Millighan, Ey.

ans, Lempriere & Co., of the 19th ult., quotes the sales of Cotton, during the week ending that day, at 45,000 bales, of which speculators took 3000 and exporters 4000 bales, leaving 38,000 bales of all descriptions to the trade. It also says that the decline was an eighth of a penny, principally on the lower grades, and gives the all descriptions to the trade. It also says that the decline was an eighth of a penny, principally on the lower grades, and gives the following quotations: Fair Orleans 6\frac{1}{2}d, Middling Orleans 5\frac{1}{2}d, Fair Uplands 6\frac{1}{2}d, and Middling Uplands at 6\frac{1}{2}d.

Western Canal Flour was worth 40s, and Ohio 41s per bbl. Yellow Corn commands 40s, and White 41s per 480 lbs.

The Very Latest from Liverpool.—On Saturday, Cotton was dull, and 5.000 bales changed hands at previous rates. Breadstuffs were firm, but unchanged. Fine Wheat was higher. The advance on the later article for the week ending the previous advance on the later article for the week ending the previous

dvance on the latter article for the week ending the previous advance on the latter article for the week ending the previous evening, was quoted at 5d per 70 lbs.

State of Trade.—In Marchester the demand for goods was moderate and prices favored buyers.

The London Produce Market.—Sugar had advanced is per cwt. Rice was in good demand at somewhat stiffer rates.

The London Money Market. The transactions in American Securities were small, and closed at 39\frac{1}{2}\$.

Haves Cotton Market.—All qualities of Cotton had slightly advanced, and the sales during the week ending the 16th ult., had comprised 9000 bales.

BALTIMORE, June 2.—Flour—sales Howard street brands at \$8 50. City Mills at \$3 37a8 44. Rye Flour at \$5 50; country

Schools.

WAYNE INSTITUTE AND NORMAL COLLEGE. THE next session will commence on the first Monday in July, and close on the last Friday in November. Students will be charged from time of entering to the close of the session. No abate-ment of tuition fees wil I be allowed, except in cases of protracted sickness, or at the option of the Principal.

WM. ROBINSON. Goldsboro, June 2, 1854.

SCHOOL NOTICE. CIATION being lishing one or more Primary Schools of high order within

A TEACHER WANTED.

A LIBERAL SALARY will be paid for a Teacher to take charge of Topsail Academy, on the first day of October next. One with a family would not be objected to, as the Trustees design building a large boarding house and offering inducements to one who may be found fully qualified in every respect to teach all the higher branches requisite in a pre-paratory School, and who may desire a permanent situation The Academy is pleasantly situated, immediately on the W. & T. S. Plank Road, twelve miles from Wilmington and

but two from the Ocean, a healthy location and excellent Address N. N. Nixon, Wilmington, N. C., or J. M. Foy, Esq., Topsail P. O., N. C.

NICH'S N. NIXON, May 25, '54-1m. President Board of Trustees.
Raleigh Standard copy 1 month and send bill to this office EVERITTSVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY.

J. D. CAMPBELL, A. M., Principal, Assisted by competent assistants.

THE NEXT SESSION of this School will or mmence on Monday, the 19th of June, and close on the 17th of No-

Everittsville is a pleasant village, situated in Wayne county, N. C., immediately on the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road, 78 miles from the former place. It is probably as healthy a place as can be found in the State. The society is good; and yet there is less to distract the minds of girls from their backs the minds of girls from their books than in almost any other village. The moral and religious character of the citezens, and the *entire* freedom from dissipation of every sort, should be an inducement to parents to send their daughters to this place. We endeavor

thoroughly to instruct those committed to our care, in every branch necessary to a finished Female Education TERMS PER SESSION.

the close of the Session, except in cases of protracted sick-Board, including all necessaries, can be had in the family of the Principal, and elsewhere in the village at from \$7 to

\$8 per month.

For further information, address the Principal, or

J. C. SLOCUMB, Sec. Board of Trustees.

Everittsville, Wayne co., N. C., May 19, 1854 37-2m GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE. THIS Institution commences its second session under the new organization, on the 1st day of May, and will close

the last day of November, 1854. Rev'd James H. Brent, A. B., President, with a full and competent faculty. \$70 00 per session will cover the entire expense for Tuition and Board in the Collegiate course, and \$100 will entitle to the tull course and all the ornamental branches. \$60 will cover the expenses for Board and Tuition in the Primary Department. Ornamental branches extra at the usual charge. Half payable in advance.

The Roard of Stockholders have taken great pains in procuring facilities for giving a thorough education, and solicit

a liberal share of patronage. Students received any time.

For particular information address the President of the Faculty, or the subscriber.

WM. K. LANE. Pres't. Board Stockholders. May 5th, 1854

LAURINBURGH HIGH SCHOOL,
RICHMOND COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.
THIS large and flourishing Institution is now permanently
established, under a full corps of well qualified Instructors, and with every thing requisite for a first class Seminary,
being well supplied with Maps, Geographical and Astronomical; Globes, Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus.
The Semi-Apparal Sessions of five months, commence of

The Semi-Annual Sessions of five months commence of the second Monday of January and July respectively.

Circulars, containing full particulars, will be furnished by applying to Rev. J. Jones Smyth, A. M., Principal, Laurel Hill P. O., Richmond county, N. C., or to

D. C. McINTYRE, Secretary.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by the subscribers,
5 qr. casks extra French Brandy,
3 " " Port Wine,
3 " " Malaga Wine,

1 pipe Holland Gin, 20 bbls. Corn Whiskey, 3 "Monongabela 15 bags Rio Coffee, Whiskey,

5 bags Kio Colley, 0 " Laguyra, 5 " Java, 5 hhds. P. R. Sugar, 10 bbl. Refined

" Mess Pork, 4000 lbs. N. C. Bacon, 4 bbls. Lard, 10 boxes Tobacco, 10 boxes Adamantine Candles, 15 boxes Colgate Soap, Crackers, Butter, Teas, Indigo, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Dry Goods, Hardware, Hollow ware, Wood ware, Willow ware, Cutlery, Farming utensils, Brooms, Buckets, Crockery, Powder and Shot, with various other articles too tedious to enumerate.

We pledge ourselves to call so low on any other house in 45 hhds. Western Bacon.

We pledge ourselves to sell as low as any other house the place for cash, and earnestly solicit a share of the pub patronage. UTLEY & ALDERMAN. UST RECEIVED FROM BALTIMORE & PHILA

DELPHIA. 25 bbls. Silver's Fire Proof Paint, all of 20 casks Spanish Brown; 10 do. Venetian Red; 5 do. ven June 10. Druggists & Chemists, Wilmington, N.